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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
TWO EDITIONS,
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PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THE Railroad Committee of the House at Harrisburg, has been announced, with Mr. George Wilson, of this city, as Chairman. As constituted it is strongly Free Railroad. Speaker Davis, in that respect, has fully redeemed his pledge on the subject, in making his appointments. There will be little or no opposition to the passage of a liberal Free Railroad law in the House, but it will be fought in the Senate by those in the interests of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

SCHOOL OF DESIGN.

The existence in our city of an institution whose object is to give knowledge of Art to our youth should be a matter of encouragement to all citizens. It is evidence that there are some here who are not wholly given up to the material—to money-making. As the sailor, who has been exposed to the winds and waves through a long night of utter darkness, greets with delight the first morning ray, so would we hail every sign of the dawn of a taste for art and science and higher culture in our city. Then there is another reason why this school should be fostered and sustained here; it is designed to give women such a knowledge of drawing and painting as will enable them, if necessary, to secure a good support for themselves. It is no aristocratic affair. It is managed by some of our best and most benevolent men, who give their time and money to it without any remuneration save the consciousness of blessing others. They seek no notoriety for this noble charity, but rather to avoid it. Its success thus far has been all that could have been expected. Above seventy have availed themselves of its privileges the present year. It is well deserving of aid from our generous men and our Legislature. It is better and cheaper to educate in this way our daughters than to drive them to vice, crime and insanity through want.

The exhibition of this institution will take place next week, commencing Tuesday and continuing during the week, at their rooms on Fifth street, to which all are invited.

DESTITUTION.

Destitution arising from scarcity of labor prevails to an alarming extent in this neighborhood. In conversation with GEORGE FORTUNE, Esq., the efficient Secretary of the Board of Poor Directors, he informed us that there had been more applications for temporary relief during the past few weeks than were made during any corresponding period within the last thirteen years. The amount distributed to the poor since the beginning of the month has thus far exceeded six hundred dollars, while during the entire month of January last year the total distribution did not reach that sum. The applicants are old and decrepid men and women, young men from the country in search of employment, and in many cases hard fisted, earnest and willing laborers, who cannot obtain work of any character whereby to support themselves and families. The number of applicants, and the destitution prevailing amongst them, is absolutely startling. We had imagined an immunity from the distresses of poverty prevailing in other large cities, until the long list of men and women receiving temporary relief from the Board of Poor Directors was shown us, and we feel that there are thousands of others who do not realize that so much want and actual suffering from destitution exists here in prosperous Pittsburgh.

True Christians need no incentive to draw them into doing deeds of charity. They have a duty to perform. God requires them to take care of the poor, and now is the acceptable hour to discharge that obligation. We have worthy and deserving poor on all sides, and we ask our philanthropic friends to seek them out, and afford them the relief their [illegible] poverty demands.

KANSAS

Organization of the Legislature—The Governor's Message.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

TOPEKA, KAN., January 16.—The Kansas Legislature organized yesterday by the election of G. W. Smith as Speaker of the House. It comprises fifty-eight Republicans and thirty Democrats in the House, and twenty Republicans and five Democrats in the Senate. The officers of both Houses in every case are Republicans.

The Governor presented his message at three o'clock this afternoon. He urges measures for equalizing taxation, which for the past year was four mills on the dollar upon $56,276,960, while in the same locality of the State is one hundred million dollars. The liabilities of the State amount to $673,475; resources, $576,427. Referring to the appointment of a Special Commission to re-examine the State raid claims, he says they allowed claims in the amount of $264,564, followed by the commissioners, making a total of $118,654 less than allowed by the former board. Where school districts in the State are one thousand five hundred and seventy-two, being an increase of three hundred and one over last year. The value of school property is $973,690.

After reviewing the Indian troubles of the past summer, the Governor lays before the Legislature all correspondence relating thereto. He recommends that they provide for the organization of at least four regiments of cavalry, one regiment of infantry, and one company of artillery, to be armed and equipped by the State, and held ready for active service whenever occasion may require. With such a force, says the Governor, we can protect the State without we cannot. Nor can we securely rely for that protection upon the general government, at least until a radical change shall have been effected in its present Indian troubles.

Speaking of the immigration to the State, he says: Since January, 1867, it has amounted to fifty thousand persons, and with a reasonable appropriation might have been one hundred thousand. Settlements in the Union offers greater inducements to immigrants than Kansas. With eighty thousand square miles of fertile soil, well adapted to the production of all kinds of grain and fruit, and with a mild, genial climate, an abundance of the best quality of timber, water, stone, marble, coal, gypsum, salt, and almost every other natural advantage. He refers to the salt of the Great Cheroke tract of land, and recommends that the legislature memorialize Congress to annul the contract between the Secretary of the Interior and James F. Joy. He adverts in general terms to the importance of removing the Indians from Kansas, and concludes by counseling measures of strict economy in every branch of expenditures.

There are now two hundred and fifty-three miles of railroad in the State in three miles of railroad in the State in operation. The Union Pacific Railroad, Eastern Division, running from Wyandotte west, along the valleys of Kansas and Smoky Hill rivers, has been completed to within thirty-five miles of the western boundary of the State, a distance of two hundred and thirty-five miles, together with a branch road thirty-seven miles, together with a branch road of thirty-seven miles, making in all three hundred and sixty-eight, as against about one hundred and thirty miles completed one year ago. Then follows an enumeration of different roads under contract and in process of construction numbering ten in all.

In his treatment of national affairs, the Governor says: Never was there a time in the history of the country when the exercise of the true and patriotic were more imperatively required than now. He then lays heavy charges against the people of the South, and is especially severe on Andrew Johnson for the manner he has managed affairs since he has been in the Presidential chair, and particularly for the hopes he has held out to the Southern people that they would be restored to all their former rights and privileges regardless of their previous conduct.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

HARRISBURG.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

Committees of the House.

Stanton Resolutions Passed.

(Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, Jan. 16, 1868.

SENATE.

The bill changing the number of directors of the Western Transportation Company passed finally.

The Stanton resolution was adopted.

Adjourned till Monday evening.

HOUSE.

MORNING SESSION.—The Speaker announced the following

COMMITTEES:

Ways and Means—Messrs. Mann, McCamant, Thorn, Nicholson, Gallagher, Day, Webb, Armstrong, Wilson, Wharton, Herr, Stranahan, Clark, (Philadelphia,) Meredith, Heitman, Millar, (Allegheny,) Westlake, Jones, Linton, Chalfant and Marsh.

Judiciary (General)—Messrs. Hickman, Strang, Herr, Mann, Clark, (Warren,) Reinoehl, Burrett, Jenks, Deise, Craig and Linton.

Judiciary (Local)—Messrs. Herr, Webb, Riddle, Ewing, Rea, McJunkin, Reinoehl, Craig, Marsh, Bull and Nice.

Municipal Corporations — Messrs. Thorn, Ford, Beatty, Stranahan, Stokes, Smith, Godshalk, Fry, Millar, (Alleghenny,) Bergstresser, Mullen, (Thomas,) Bull, McHenry, Beans and Brobst.

Pensions and Gratuities—Messrs. Edwards, Westlake, Chamberlain, Ewing, Heilman, Lott, Mann, Meredith, Richards, Beans, Beard, Bossard, Brobst, McMiller and Shively.

Railroads—Messrs. Wilson, Watt, Strang, Adaire, Herr, Reinoehl, Clark, (Philadelphia,) Ford, Kleckner, Duncan, Fry, McJunkin, Holgate, Weller, Stokes, Phillips, Millar, (Allegheny,) Jenks, Josephs, Jones and Westbrook.

Federal Relations—Messrs. Nicholson, Hickman, Thorn, Strang, Mann, Herr, Armstrong, Meredith, Riddle, Stranahan, Chalfant, Fogel, Heltzel, Hottenstein and Witham.

Iron and Coal Companies—Messrs. McCamant, Adaire, Beatty, Watt, Jackson, Hong, McJunkin, Siebers, Steacy, Wharton, Josephs, Fogel, Mullen, (Michael,) Nice and Meek.

Mining and Manufacturing Companies—Messrs. Clarke, Philadelphia, Fry, McJunkin, Gordon, Edwards, Rea, Godshalk, Riddle, Holgate, Phillips, Josephs, Roush, Mullen, (Michael,) Kerns and Bossard.

Roads, Bridges and Ferries—Messrs. Gordon, Day, Rea, Robinson, Edwards, Holgate, Hong, Bergstresser, Leedom, Boyd, Goodall, Hottenstein, Kase, McCullough, McKinstry.

Education—Messrs. Day, Armstrong, Nicholson, Wharton, Fry, Espy, Richards, Beatty, Leedom, Boyd, Craig, Chalfant, McCormick and Glass.

Corporations—Messrs. Watt, Gordon, Adaire, Burrett, Smith, Siebers, Steacy, Westlake, Leedom, Mullen, (Thomas,) Stokes, Rea, Kleckner, Lott, Holgate, Beckert, Deise, McGinnis, Miller and Beard.

Counties and Townships—Messrs. Clark, Warren, Kleckner, Strang, Webb, Espy, Smith, Reinoehl, Gallagher, Adaire, Clark, (Philadelphia,) Josephs, Westbrook, Lawshe, Day and Heilman.

Election Districts—Messrs. Westlake, Chamberlain, Heitman, Richards, Robinson, Bergstresser, Meredith, Mullen, (Philadelphia,) Ford, Kleckner, Duncan, Cornman, Miller, (Huntingdon,) Bull.

Agriculture—Messrs. Stranahan, Richards, Chamberlain, Edwards, Godshalk, Phillips, Robins, Day, Lott, Espy, Boyd, Cornman, Creitz, Eschback, Goundie, Heltzell and Kase.

Vice and Immorality—Messrs. Chamberlain, Robinson, Riddle, Mann, Robinson, Phelan, Hottenstein, Eschback and Creitz.

Printing—Messrs. Ford, Thorn, Steacy, Meek and Witham.

Military—Messrs. Gallagher, Clark, (Philadelphia,) Jackson, Day, Gordon, Duncan, Godshalk, Espy, Beatty, Burrett, Beckert, Linton, Roush, McHenry and Shively.

Divorces—Messrs. Webb, Burrett, Fry, McCamant, Beckert, Clark, Warren, Hong, Duncan, Watt, Day, Roush, Ford, Bull, Witham and Shively.

Claims—Messrs. Jackson, Duncan, Ewing, Ford, Millar, Leedom, Lott, McCamant, Westlake, Beckert, McChesney, Brennan, Heltzel, McMiller and Miller, (of Huntingdon.)

Accounts—Messrs. Steacy, Webb, Day, Stokes, Armstrong, Clark, Warren, Edwards, Jackson, Ewing, Phelan, Winger, M'Cullough, Stout, Kerns and Kase.

Passenger Railways—Messrs. Adaire, Smith, Hong, Ford, Watt, Stokes, Steacy, Holgate, Kleckner, McGinnis, Mullen, Thomas, Day, Witham and Lawshe.

Banks—Messrs. Ewing, Jackson, Leedom, Lott, Subers, Millar, Beatty, Rea, Gordon, Smith, Fogel, Playford, Meek, McCormick, Miller, (Huntingdon).

The whole time was occupied in discussing the Stanton resolution.

Adjourned till afternoon.

AFTERNOON SESSION.—The time from three to half-past six o'clock was occupied in discussing the resolution in reference to the restitution of Secretary Stanton.

Mr. REINOEHL, of Lancaster, offered an amendment, tendering thanks to Gen. Grant for yielding the War Department to Secretary Stanton—to come in as an addition.

Mr. DEIZE, of Clinton, offered an amendment, alluding to General Butler as making an enviable reputation for stealing spoons, for making Dutch Gap Canal, and taking refuge in a certain bottle.

The previous question was called.

Mr. DEIZE'S amendment was lost by a vote of five to seventy-five.

Mr. REINOEHL'S amendment was agreed to and the resolution adopted, both by a strict party vote.

Adjourned till to-morrow.

The Stanton Resolutions—Democrats on a Rampage—Denunciation of the War Secretary.

(Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, Jan. 15, 1868.

The principal theme in both houses, to-day, has been Stanton. Resolutions were introduced in both Houses congratulating the country on the restoration of Stanton to the War Department, and their introduction caused as much commotion among the Democrats as a stone thrown into a hornet's nest.

In the Senate, Mr. Davis, of Berks, got his mad up, terribly, denounced Stanton as an infamous murderer of Union soldiers, and exhausted the dictionary in the adjectives he piled on the head of the Secretary of War. The usual coolness of the party leaders, on that side, seemed to have deserted them utterly; and the mere mention of Stanton's name operated on them like the mixture of Seltzer powders in a glass of water.

In the House, the same temper was manifested on the Democratic side. "Murderer," "infamous," "vile," "debased," "debauched," "corrupt," and kindred epithets were buried at Stanton's head, in a quick succession of volleys, and in addition to denouncing the man who organized victory for the Union armies, the more serious members, of whom the Brick Pomeroy stripe, ventured to bestow hearty commendations upon the chief of the rebel army. Mr. Playford, of Fayette, paid an eloquent tribute to "the gallant Lee," and altogether, after listening to these Democratic speeches, one must have been led to conclude, if he did not already know better, that the war for maintaining the Union was a crime, and the rebellion the most virtuous cause on earth.

It needs no better evidence than this to show how deeply the restoration of Stanton wounds the Democracy, and how much they dread his presence in the War Department. It upsets all their plans and disappoints all their expectations; and instead of the jubilant tone in which they were so lately indulging, we now hear something like the ravings of despair.

In addition to this, the political tide has plainly turned against the Democracy. The reaction from which the Republicans were suffering, and the panic which seized them after the fall elections, have both come to an end. Congress has got rid of its cowardice, and has taken hold of the Reconstruction difficulty with a firmness sure of success. Meade with a firmness sure of success. Meade has disappointed the expectations of the rebels, and the general aspect of affairs in the South is steadily improving. Altogether, the prospects of the Democrats grow gloomier, day by day, while those of the Republicans grow correspondingly brigater; and it is not, therefore, much to be wondered at that our Democratic brethren should lose their temperance, get on a rampage, and kick up an infernal fuss generally.

When the debate in the two Houses is published, you cannot do better than lay it before your readers. The Democratic speeches will read as spicy as editorials in the La Crosse *Democrat*. We need no better documents for the Presidential campaign than these speeches afford. If there is one spark left of the spirit of loyalty that glowed so brightly during the war, these evidences of its real spirit that animates the Democracy will fan it into a bright, enduring flame.

ALLEGHENY.

FORTIETH CONGRESS.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16, 1868.

SENATE.

RULES MODIFIED.

On motion of Mr. SHERMAN, the rules were modified to allow the Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner of Internal Revenue the privilege of the floor during the consideration of measures affecting the revenue.

COMMUNICATIONS AND PETITIONS.

A communication was laid before the Senate, from Mr. Stanton, Secretary of War, in compliance with the resolution of April 9th, 1867, transmitting a list of all officers in the military service, with rank and present duty. Referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

THE COTTON TAX.

The bill for the exemption of cotton from tax came up.

The House having non-concurred in the Senate amendments, Mr. SHERMAN, from the Committee on Finance, moved the Senate recede and substitute the following amendment:

"*Provided*, That raw cotton imported from foreign countries on and after July 1st, 1868, shall be exempt from duty."

On motion, laid aside by consent for the time.

TEXAS APPOINTMENTS.

Mr. CHANDLER presented a petition of citizens of Texas, praying the Senate not to ratify the appointments of non-residents in that State. Laid on the table.

THE INDIANS.

Mr. TRUMBULL presented a memorial from Thomas A. Williams, Stephen R. Drake, and John D. Williams, who claim to be Cherokee Indians, in which, setting forth the various reasons why the present mode of dealing with Indians is objectionable, and praying Congress to incorporate them into the United States so as to protect them in their rights and bring them more in contact with white population, claiming that thus they could be managed more economically and wars with them avoided. Referred to Committee on Indian Affairs.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Mr. WILLIAMS, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill relating to United States notes, re-enacting the legal tender and providing that contracts payable in gold. By instruction of the Committee he moved to lay it on the table as not proper in their opinion at this time. Agreed to.

Mr. SHERMAN introduced a bill reorganizing the Treasury Department, involving the increase of salaries. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

CONSULAR APPOINTMENTS.

On motion of Mr. CHANDLER, the Senate resumed the consideration of his motion to refer to the Committee on Commerce the resolution in regard to the appointment of retired naval officers as Consuls and Vice Consuls, which was debated till the expiration of the morning hour.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The House bill making appropriations to supply deficiencies in appropriations for the execution of the reconstruction laws and the service of the Quartermaster's Department for the year ending June 30th, 1868, was taken up.

The Finance Committee amend the bill by inserting the following: "House of Representatives deficiencies—Increased compensation to Congressional printer, $134,444; stationery, $15,000; furniture, repairs, etc., $50,000; newspapers, $4,320; additional clerkships, clerks, pages, etc., $38,804; additional messengers, laborers, etc., $15,000; labor and material for folding room, $5,000." The amendments were agreed to.

The Finance Committee further amend by inserting under the head of judiciary salaries, Warren, the Supreme Court, to read $8,000, $430,377. Agreed to.

In the Department of Education the salary of the Commissioner to March 3d, 1867, was agreed to.

Finally, he also amend by inserting the following, as an additional section:

SECTION 2. Be it enacted, that so much of the first section of the act of March 2d, 1809, entitled "an act further to amend several acts for the establishment of regulations of the Treasury, War and Navy Departments," as authorizes the President, on the application of the Secretary of any department, to transfer monies appropriated for any particular service of expenditure in the same department, and the same is hereby repealed. This was agreed to.

Mr. SHERMAN moved to add the following: "And all acts and parts of acts authorizing such transfers be, and the same are hereby repealed." Agreed to.

Mr. TRUMBULL moved to insert at the end of section second, "And no money appropriated for one purpose shall hereafter be used for any other purpose than that for which appropriated." Agreed to.

Mr. DAVIS moved to strike out the portion of section one providing for deficiencies in expenses of carrying on work for the more efficient government of the rebel States, namely, for the First Military District $50,000, for the Second $110,000, for the Third $200,000, for the Fourth $150,000, and for the Fifth $250,000. He said it was a subject over which Congress had no constitutional power, and condemned in general terms the extensive Congressional policy of reconstruction.

Mr. MORTON replied, claiming that the expense, which was great, had been caused by the opponents of that policy, and would probably be larger if they continued that opposition.

The amendment was not agreed to, and the bill passed as amended.

ARMY REDUCTION.

Mr. WILSON called up his bill for the gradual reduction of the army, so as to make it the special order for the next meeting, and it was then laid aside.

COTTON TAX.

Mr. HOWARD made a motion to go into executive session, but Mr. SHERMAN said it was desirable to have a vote on the bill for repeal of the cotton tax, on which Mr. MORRILL, of Vermont, spoke in opposition to the motion of Mr. SHERMAN to recede from the Senate amendment confining the repeal to one year.

Mr. CONKLING made a few remarks to the same purport.

Mr. CAMERON renewed the motion for an executive session, which was carried.

The Senate held an executive session until about five o'clock, when it adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

VARIETY OF BUSINESS.

Mr. ARNELL offered a resolution instructing the Committe on Library to inquire into the subject of international copy right, and the best modes for the encouragement and advancement of cheap literature, and the protection of authors, which was adopted.

Mr. BEAMON, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported estimates for additional appropriations for the Agricultural Department, to pay certain claims contracted without authority of law. On his motion referred to the Committee on Claims and report tabled.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill extending the time for the completion of the Dubuque and Sioux City Railroad, in Iowa.

Mr. HUBBARD, Indiana, advocated the bill.

Mr. WASHBURNE, Illinois, opposed it for the reason the grant of 600,000 acres of land was to go to the Illinois Central Railroad, which was now in the hands of British bondholders and a great oppressive foreign corporation. All the franchises of the Dubuque and Sioux City road had been transferred to the Illinois Central. For his part he was determined, when the demon of outraged constituencies came stalking into the hall, to be able to say "shake not thy gory locks at me; thou canst say I did it." (Laughter.)

Mr. WILSON, Iowa, said he was not prepared to advocate any stupendous scheme of plunder, and yet he was in favor of the bill. He denied it was to enure to the benefit of the Illinois Central Railroad, but to the Sioux City Railroad Company. It did not take land from the public domain, for this land was already granted, but was simply to extend the time within which the road was to be completed.

After remarks by Messrs. PRICE, JULIAN and HOPKINS, in favor of the bill, a motion by Mr. WASHBURNE to table it was defeated and the bill was passed.

The SPEAKER presented several Executive communications, two of them from the Secretary of War. On motion of Mr. GARFIELD the latter was ordered to be printed, so that the Secretary of War might be thus recognized.

On motion of Mr. SCHENCK, the Senate amendment to the anti Contraction bill was referred to the Committee of Ways and Means, Mr. SCHENCK remarking the Committee would report them back to-morrow afternoon.

RECONSTRUCTION BILL DEBATE RESUMED.

The HOUSE proceeded to the consideration of the bill reported from the Committee on Reconstruction.

Speeches were made in favor of the bill by Messrs. ELIOT, LOUGHRIDGE and PAYNE, and in opposition to it by Mr. KERR.

OTHER MATTERS.

Mr. RANDALL introduced a bill to regulate the deposit of public funds, providing that the public funds shall not be deposited in any National Banks located in any city where there is a Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer of the United States. Referred to the Committee on Banking.

Mr. PILE introduced a bill providing for the sale of the Arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Mo. Referred to the Military Committee.

Mr. FARNSWORTH asked leave to offer a resolution directing the Postoffice Committee to inquire into the expediency of providing for the adoption of a postal telegraph system. Also, as to the expediency of repealing altogether the franking privilege.

Mr. MUNGEN objected and the resolution was not received.

Recess till seven o'clock for general debate, and speeches were limited to half an hour.

EVENING SESSION.—The consideration of the Reconstruction bill was resumed.

Mr. DAWES spoke briefly relative to the decision of the Supreme Court in the Rhode Island case, adding that he had always thought there was very little legislation necessary for the rebel States. It was simply the duty of Congress to take care, by legislation, that every man there, high and low, was protected in his rights, and then a republican form of government would grow of itself soon enough.

Mr. KERR spoke in opposition to the bill.

Mr. WARD spoke in its favor.

Mr. ELDRIDGE opposed the bill. In the course of his remarks he asked Mr. Bingham what pre existing Government did he propose to guarantee by this bill.

Mr. BINGHAM—I intend the form of government which the genius of the people is contemplated by the words "A Republican form of Government," and inasmuch as the majority in every one of the ten States lately in insurrection, battered down by Treason.

Mr. ELDRIDGE (impatiently cutting off the sentence)—Oh, don't give us any of your rhetoric now. (Laughter.) Give us your plan.

Mr. BINGHAM—Never mind; if you want an answer you will have it.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—I do not want any of your rhetoric now.

Mr. BINGHAM—You may call it rhetoric; but it is a fact.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—Well, then, let us have it.

Mr. BINGHAM (attempting to finish the interrupted sentence)—They battered down their governments by treason—

Mr. ELDRIDGE (interrupting the sentence to be closed)—Well, Mr. Speaker, I must resume the floor. The gentleman will not answer my question.

Mr. BINGHAM—I am going to answer it.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—I cannot wait for the answer; but the gentleman shall not occupy my time. If the gentleman prefers he shall have the opportunity; but I do not want rhetoric. We have had enough of that.

Mr. BINGHAM—(somewhat ruffled)—But is not that a fact.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—It is a fact that the gentleman deals with nothing else than rhetoric.

Mr. BINGHAM, (a little more ruffled)—It is a fact that treason battered down the government of South Carolina.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—Well, supposing it did.

Mr. BINGHAM—Having thus battered down—

Mr. ELDRIDGE—(nearly out of patience)—Well, none of your rhetoric, sir; answer my question.

Mr. BINGHAM—I do answer it, sir, and I quote it in the words of James Madison, the maker of your Constitution.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—with patience entirely exhausted—I resume the floor. (Laughter.) The gentleman cannot answer my question. He does not answer it.

Mr. BINGHAM—I dare do it sir, if you let me. (Laughter.)

Mr. ELDRIDGE—I will give the gentleman an opportunity to answer it now, in one minute.

Mr. BINGHAM—One minute is rather short.

Mr. ELDRIDGE—It is rather short, but I want to get rid of the rhetoric. (Laughter.)

Mr. BINGHAM—Shakspeare gave a fellow forty minutes to girdle the earth. (Laughter.)

Mr. ELDRIDGE—Yes, but I don't world in it.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

American Fenians Arrested.

Mission to the Pope.

The South American War.

Russia and the Eastern Question.

Maximilian's Remains at Trieste.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

AN ESCAPED FENIAN ARRESTED.

LONDON, January 15.—Considerable excitement was occasioned in this city to-day by the announcement that the Fenian Deary, who, with Michael Kelly, was rescued from the custody of the police at Manchester some weeks ago, had been captured. The police late yesterday afternoon overhauled a man near Waterford, Ireland, who answers completely the description of Deary. Other strong circumstances warrant the belief that the authorities have not been mistaken. The prisoner, under a strong guard, started for Manchester this morning, where he will be confined with his fellow prisoners for recognition.

AMERICANS ARRESTED.

The Government officials are very vigilant. Yesterday evening two Americans named Barroe and O'Neill, were arrested at Glasgow and imprisoned. Papers found on their persons indicate beyond doubt that they belong to the American wing of the Fenian organization.

CHANGE OF VENUE.

The motion recently made in the Court of Queen's Bench for a change of the place of trial of the Fenians Burke, Casey, Shaw and Mullaney, from Warwick to London, is likely to be granted.

MISSION TO THE POPE.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—It is reported that Lord Bloomfields, British Minister to Austria, and Lord Clarendon, have gone on a mission to Rome to request the Pope to use his influence with the inhabitants of Ireland for the suppression of the Fenian revolution.

SOUTH AMERICA.

THE WAR SITUATION.

Later advices of Rio Janeiro represent the situation of affairs around Humaitara such as was believed that Lopez would be compelled to withdraw from Parana and fall back, with all his forces, on Ascencion. The allied army had been heavily reinforced, and was pressing the seige very closely.

RUSSIA.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

The aggressive policy of the Russian Government in the Eastern question causes much alarm in Turkey.

The Northern *Post*, of St. Petersburg, has a noticeable article on the subject. The writer declares Russia does not desire extension of territory. Her only aim is to secure safety to the Christian subjects of the Porte.

The St. Petersburg *Gazette* asserts that both England and France have urged the Sultan to make extensive military and naval preparation in the Mediterranean.

AUSTRIA.

MAXIMILIAN'S REMAINS—PREPARATIONS FOR THE FUNERAL CEREMONIES.

TRIESTE, January 16—*Morning*.—The fleet bearing the remains of Maximilian entered this harbor this morning. The Navara was immediately boarded by the Arch Duke, who covered the catafalque containing the corpse with wreaths and flowers. Great preparations are being made for the funeral ceremonies.

FRANCE.

SUIT AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT.

It is reported that the banker, Jecker, intends to bring suit against the French Government for the recovery of $13,000,000 due on Franco-Mexican bonds held by him.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—*Evening*.—Consols 92¼@92¾; American securities steady; 8-20s 71¾@71¾; Illinois Central, 84; Erie, 41.

FRANKFORT, Jan. 16.—*Evening*.—U. S. Bonds 78¾.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 16.—*Evening*.—Cotton firm; sales 12,000 bales middling uplands at 7¾ do. to arrive 7¾; Orleans 7¾. Breadstuffs steady and unchanged. Provisions unchanged, except Lard, which advanced to 58s 9d. Produce—spirits turpentine declined to 26s 9d. Others unchanged.

ANTWERP, Jan. 16.—*Evening*.—Petroleum 44 francs.

HEAVY ROBBERY AT TITUSVILLE.

$100,000 in Bonds and Currency Stolen

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

TITUSVILLE, PA., January 16.—The house of John Benninghoof, on Benninghoof Hill, was entered about 7:30 this evening, by four men, disguised by handkerchiefs over their faces, and robbed him of over one hundred thousand dollars—forty thousand in bonds and the balance in currency. They presented revolvers at the heads of the inmates, which consisted of Mr. and Mrs. John Benninzhoof, his wife and two sons, also a hired man and girl. Taking the keys from Mr. Benninghoof, they entered the safe and extracted the above amount, after which they sat down and waited half an hour for the return of Mr. Joseph Benninghoof, another son, who was absent, and who had in the house one of Little's patent burglar safes, containing a large amount. He did not return until after the burglars left, taking with them these bonds and a cutter.

OHIO.

Democratic Resolutions on the Press Gag.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, January 8.—There was an error in telegraphing the resolutions of the Ohio Democratic Convention in relation to the Presidency. The following are official:

Resolved, That the Hon. George H. Pendleton is the unanimous choice of the Democrats of Ohio for next President of the United States.

Resolved, That the Delegates to the National Convention are hereby instructed to cast the vote of Ohio as a unit and to use all honorable means to secure the nomination of Mr. Pendleton for President.

MARYLAND.

Balloting for United States Senator —No Choice.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BALTIMORE, January 8.—The Legislature in joint convention voted twice for Senator. On the first ballot: Swann, forty-four; Hamilton, forty; Pratt, nineteen; scattering, seven. Second ballot: Swann, forty-two; Hamilton, forty-nine; Pratt, sixteen; scattering, three.

TENNESSEE.

Republican Delegates to Nashville Convention Instructed for Grant and Brownlow.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MEMPHIS, January 16.—The Republican Convention to-night appointed delegates to the Convention at Nashville, and instructed them to vote for Grant and Brownlow.

Counterfeiters Arrested.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BUFFALO, January 16.—Daniel Rhodes and John Coe, counterfeiters of gold and silver coin, were arrested in a shanty near the suspension bridge, yesterday, and brought here for examination.

PHILADELPHIA

Sudden Death of a Merchant—Wife Murdered by Her Husband While Attending His Dying Mother.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, January 16.—Jacob Alberger, of the well known provision house of J. F. Alberger & Co., died this morning of paralysis.

Rodman Graham murdered his wife to-day while she was waiting upon his dying mother, shooting her with a pistol. He gave himself into custody, alleging as a reason for the deed that his wife attempted two or three times to poison him.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The War Office Imbroglio.

Stanton Will Not Resign.

Neither Will the President Dare to Eject Him.

Outrages in Tennessee.

Revenue Officers Resisted

Cox and the Austrian Mission.

The Ordnance Investigation.

Reform in the Civil Service.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, January 16, 1868.

OUTRAGE IN TENNESSEE—REVENUE COLLECTOR SHOT.

Letters have been received at the office of Interal Revenue, dated Tullahoma, Tennessee, January 6th and 11th, from T. O. Crofford, Revenue Inspector, and James Ramsey Collector for the Third District of that State, giving information in regard to the danger experienced by them in attending to business regarding the illicit distillation, and with particular allusion to one which has but recently occured in that District, where a party, who was in arrears to the Government for taxes due to the amount of one thousand dollars, had resisted the Collector making a distrain upon him for the indebtedness. It appears that after the distrain had been accomplished, and the Collector and Inspector had left the premises, they were followed and attacked by the party who had been distrained, accompanied by others, and that the Inspector was shot and wounded. Other outrages were perpetrated. It does not appear from the correspondence that the offending parties have yet been molested, either by military or civil process.

A letter from the Inspector, of the 11th inst., reports that since his being wounded several illicit distilleries were in operation in the Third District of the State. Information has also reached the Department of the resistance taken against revenue officers in the discharge of their duty in suppressing illicit distillation in the neighborhood of Knoxville, Tennessee. Vigorous measures will be instituted by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for the arrest and punishment of the parties committing the outrages.

THE WAR OFFICE TROUBLE.

Matters are assuming a quiet aspect in regard to Secretary Stanton, and no new developments have been made public.

Statements were telegraphed from here last night that Generals Grant and Sheridan had tendered their resignations, but this advice would be heeded, and his resignation handed in to-day. It is prominent Republicans with Stanton for ever an hour this morning, and he states that Stanton expressed a firm determination not to be forced from his position by the President, but to remain and discharge the duties of his office, for he was master of the situation, and did not think the President would dare to use force to eject him.

A DENIAL FROM THE PRESIDENT.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says the recent statements that General Grant would not leave the War Office without previously notifying him were made on authority direct from the President, but that a high official called on the President, and was informed that such statement was true, when the President denied the entire affair. The *Tribune* is also authorized to deny on the part of General Grant that there is any misunderstanding whatever with the President.

THE AUSTRIAN MISSION.

It is ascertained beyond doubt that Sun Sot Cox will be rejected in the Committee on Foreign Relations, as Minister to Austria. Our Minister to Austria should be one fit for him, Patterson, of New Hampshire, Senator Sherman denies that he intends to vote for Cox's confirmation.

ORDNANCE REPORT.

At a meeting of the Ordnance Committee to-day, it was decided to prepare a report of the labors of the Committee up to this time, for presentation to Congress. Generals Logan and Butler will write the report which will probably be ready next week. In the meantime, no further testimony will be taken by the Committee. It is expected that a bill will be introduced here at an early period, some important reforms in the administration of the Ordnance Bureau.

CONCERNING MANUFACTURES.

The House Committee on Manufactures has authorized its chairman to report a resolution instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire into the expediency of providing by law for the periodical publication of the relative value of imports on foreign and home accounts, and what proportion of capital invested in such importations and the profits therefrom pays taxes to this Government—distinguishing between raw materials manufactured, and specifying the relative values of such imports when shoused on foreign and home account.

REFORM IN CIVIL SERVICE.

The Committee on Retrenchment has in preparation an important bill, which will be reported in a few days. It makes a number of reforms in the civil service of the Government both at home and abroad, and will accomplish the purpose sought to be attained by the bill now before the Senate, proposing reforms in the Consular service.

MUNICIPAL THANKS FOR STANTON'S RESTORATION.

In the Common Council to-day a resolution of thanks to the Senate for the reinstatement of Secretary Stanton occasioned a long discussion and bitter denunciation of the late Secretary. It was finally laid on the table by a vote of 7 to 6, has vindicated Mr. Stanton, and that he is now discharging the duties pertaining to the office of Secretary of War. In the midst of many congratulations in the War Office this morning, a gentleman remarked, facetiously, "The Secretary of War was not dead; he only slept."

Mr. Stanton's private office was thronged during yesterday and to-day by crowds of Senators, Representatives, officers high in rank in the army, and private citizens, who repaired thither to pay their respects and welcome the Secretary on his return to his former position. All of these gentlemen expressed their highest satisfaction with the

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FRIDAY, JAN. 17, 1868.

DEMOCRACY IN GREAT BRITAIN.

The maxim that "Revolutions never go backwards," is frequently controverted, but never in the large or totality, but in the minute and special. It is conceded by all observers that the ebb and flow of the life of nations hold analogy, in some particulars, to the constant rise and fall of oceanic tides; or, rather, to the current of a mighty river, that now rushes down a precipitous incline, now disappears underneath the sand, now winds around the base of an acclivity, now makes a torturous path through the soft alluvial of a broad valley, now falls into an eddy and seems to turn back upon itself, now sweeps majestically onwards for many a league in direct and full flow, and now divides, seeking the sea by many outlets. Whatever temporary or incidental appearances may indicate to the contrary, there is, on the whole, a constant though not uniform progress.

This idea may readily be verified and its accuracy demonstrated by a careful study of British history. To superficial cognition, it appears that what was gained during the protracted parliamentary struggle which resulted in the overthrow of the monarchy and the Protectorate of CROMWELL, was lost at the Restoration. But whoever searches beneath the surface finds indubitable evidence that, notwithstanding the seeming violence of the reaction, most of the essential ameliorations that had been accomplished actually remained. Not a branch that had been lopped from the tree of feudalism was ever so replaced as to be vitalized by the parent sap and start into renewed efflorescence. The austerity of Puritanism was, indeed, contemned, and the rein given to a wild and delirious license, but this touched no more than the rough rind, while the pith and substance remained secure. Since then, particular periods may be noted in which Prerogative seemed to gain upon Liberty, but these retrogressions were of short duration, and when the stream of events, escaping from incidental hindrances, resumed its normal flow, its velocity was so increased as to afford abundant compensation for its previous backwardness.

During the last hundred years the progress made towards the full enfranchisement of the masses has been steady and surprising. This progress has been felt in every department of activity—in politics, in religion, in education, in business, and even in pleasures. At first the nobility succeeded in wrenching the government out of the exclusive control of the Crown; then the gentry disputed the authority of the nobility, and at length the larger share to themselves; and now the laboring classes are loudly demanding a recognition of their rights in the premises, and cannot for a considerable period be resisted.

So far has this movement been carried that the necessity for a thorough revision of the educational system is generally felt and will soon be carried. This revision, when it shall come, will recognize the right of each child to a good primary education at the expense of the whole. This is not a small matter; nor does it stand disconnected and apart as many foolishly imagine. The system of education adopted in each particular country must and will comport, in the long run, with the form of government prevailing therein. The Papal government will concern itself chiefly in the education of priests; and this because it is a theocracy, ruling in the name of God, not for the benefit of the people, but for its own. Russia is a military despotism, and its system of instruction is designed to furnish forth soldiers; a few to command, and the many to obey. So long as Great Britain was an oligarchical State, its instructional scheme was devised and directed to develop and equip an aristocracy. In these several instances the systems of education are logical; that is, they are suited to the nature of the case. It is apparent, therefore, that whenever a government takes the education of the masses in hand, with the intention of furnishing each for the duties of life at the cost of all, it has passed under the control of the democratic element. The men who direct it may not see this distinctly; may entertain the notion that by making concessions they are gaining time and power, to throttle the popular aspirations; and may even delude themselves [illegible] they are actually pushed from their [illegible] education of all implies [illegible] and on equal [illegible] till the [illegible] stools; but the [illegible] that all are to participate [illegible] terms, in the management of national affairs.

The Trade Unions present another indication of the same tendency. Not that we justify or excuse all that these organizations have done. That they have adopted arson and murder as regular instrumentalities has been proved beyond the possibility of cavil or question. It absolutely makes the blood run cold to read the narration of the atrocities systematically resorted to by them to intimidate or punish such as refuse to submit to their exactions. Let it be hoped that this is only the frenzy of their newly acquired strength, and that experience will instruct them into wiser and humaner methods.

But, into whatever terrible excesses the Unions have run, they are certainly disciplining the laboring classes into many of the attributes of self-governm[illegible]. In these bodies the [illegible] may be crude, imperfect, fitful, wild, or cruel; but vast and beneficial consequences have proceeded from causes still more unpromising at their inception.

How powerful these Unions have become is seen in the fact that though constantly resorting to most brutal crimes against innocent individuals, the government does not dare lay its interdict upon them. The Courts make some inquisitions. Parliamentary Commissions search into the very depth of the offences and spread the horrible evidence before the nation; but the authorities do not dare put forth their hands and break up the combinations. The Unions have become formidable to the government.

It has happened, from the beginning of the world, in almost all lands, that the civil administration has been in alliance with the ecclesiastical. As best they could, the powers of this world have entered into treaty with the powers of the world to come, for mutual profit. The known have wished the sanction of the unknown; and the spiritual have delighted to be armed with the carnal might of the physical. Even in exceptional cases, as in the United States, where this tendency is formally repudiated, it is not difficult for practical observers to detect traces of it, latent indeed, but ready upon inducement to spring into surprising activity. BYRON sorrowfully averred that most of the churches in England had shammed on this question, and all but the Church as by law established had made a "damned poor bargain of it." But scarcely was he laid in his grave when Lord GREY, speaking in Parliament, as Prime Minister, gave the prelates of that Church solemn warning to "set their house in order." He was not hostile; but looking from the hight of intelligence that he occupied he discerned the future.

That Great Britain is now agitated [illegible]

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

MILITARY HISTORY OF ULYSSES S. GRANT, from April 1, 1861, to April 1, 1865. By Adam Badeau, Colonel and Aide-Camp to the General-in-Chief, Brevet Brigadier General U. S. Army. Vol. I. New York: D. Appleton and Company, 443 and 445 Broadway. 1868. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., 95 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

The late war will furnish abundant resources for increasing the historic lore of this country. History was made during that struggle, the interest of which will reach far beyond the bounds of this continent, and such as never thrilled the world with so many thrilling aspects as our great rebellion. Quite a number of books have already appeared touching the war, but most, if not all, were hastily prepared and lack unity and completeness. Col. Badeau, however, has taken time, and sifted well the abundant materials at his command, so that we have in this volume an authentic history of some of the grand battles of the late war, under the lead of that great military chieftain, General Grant. The intimate relations of Col. Badeau to Gen. Grant, as a member of his staff, enabled him to do what he has done, not to state only substantial facts from personal observation or obtained from reliable resources. This history not only traces the wonderful military genius of Grant, but shows his ability as a statesman. The volume has a fine portrait of Gen. Grant, engraved on steel, and seventeen maps and plans of battles of much value. It brings the history down to the 9th of March, 1864, when Gen. Grant received his commission as Lieutenant General. A valuable Appendix, containing important correspondence, fills about seventy five of the closing pages. Appleton's have brought out the book in elegant style, morocco cover, clean, white, substantial paper, bright type, and every way worthy of that house.

DUFF'S BOOK-KEEPING, BY SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENTRY. By P. Duff, formerly merchant, founder and proprietor of Duff's Mercantile College, of Pittsburgh. Twentieth Edition enlarged and revised. New York: Harper and Brothers. Pittsburgh: Henry Miner, No. 71 and 73 Fifth street.

The author of this work is well known in this community, and is still the honored head of the Commercial College bearing his name, established over a quarter of a century ago. At its organization it was a new field of venture in this department of business education. By dint of perseverance the necessity for such institutions steadily grew in favor, until they are now regarded almost as an indispensable help to securing a proper knowledge of book-keeping. With the roll of years Mr. Duff has attained a wide fame, both as a teacher, and an author in the science of book-keeping. This new edition has been carefully revised and enlarged fully two hundred pages, in which are included a full set of joint stock bank books, showing how bank accounts must be managed under the National Banking Law. An entirely new system for the use of private bankers, and also the forms of modern railroad accounts are given. The book is finely printed, and it will be found valuable to students and a useful book of reference to adepts in book-keeping.

THE ADVENTURES OF OLIVER TWIST. By Charles Dickens. People's Edition. With illustrations by George Cruikshank. Published by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia. For sale by W. A. Gildenfenney, Fifth street near Wood, Pittsburgh.

This volume makes the tenth of the "People's Edition," one of the cheapest and most portable editions of the many now before the public. The opinion heretofore expressed of its excellencies we have no reason to change, believing that for compactness and neatness, as well as for being well printed, it commends itself as being truly the "People's Edition." Objections have been made that some of the characters are chosen from some of the "soiled ones" of degraded London's population. Oliver Twist, the central figure around which so much interest clusters, despite his associations, triumphed at last over all the adverse circumstances of his life. Our readers will find it an interesting work.

FOLKS AND FAIRIES. Stories for Little Children. By Lucy Randall Comfort. With Engravings. Published by Harper & Brothers, New York. For sale by Henry Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street.

Twenty-eight stories and twelve illustrations are embraced in this little volume. These charming stories are woven together by one who has shown rare talents for such a difficult role. The "wee folk" will find much in the book that will amuse and interest them. The fair author may well be proud of her success.

HAROLD THE LAST OF THE SAXON KINGS. By Sir Edward Bulwer, Lytton, Bart. Complete in one volume. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., 95 Wood street.

This forms one of the series of "Globe Edition," of which reference has heretofore been made. It contains the whole of "Harold," and is regarded as one of the most popular creations of the talented author. The book is printed in good type, on a rich creamy paper, and elegantly bound.

A PARTING WORD. By Newman Hall, LL. D. New York: Sheldon & Co. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

This little volume, of less than a hundred pages, is addressed to those who heard him speak in this country, and especially to those who have not sought an interest in Christ. The address is worded in the plain, earnest style of the distinguished minister.

THE VOICE IN SINGING. Translated from the German of Emma Seiler by A. Peterson. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co., 95 Wood street.

A scientific character. By diligent study and patient research she has made herself entirely acquainted with all the facts and theories concerning the productions of the voice. It treats of vocal music, as follows: physiological, physical, and æsthetic, with an appendix in regard to the vocal organs. Doubtless this volume will be valuable to those in the higher walks of this delightful art, but to the majority who are lovers of music, it may lack the practical elements to make it popular to the masses. It is, however, a valuable contribution to this branch of science.

THESE-LITES. A Novel. By Sidney Lamer. New York: Hurst & Houghton. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

This well-told story breathes the balmy air of the South. It fairly glows with this type of our countrymen. The author clearly indicates the feelings of a Southerner, and yet the work has merit as well as interest to all classes of readers. The brusque style, piquant and fresh at times, shows the keen talents of the author. The chapters touching some of the incidents of the war will give edge and interest to the story. The publishers have performed their part well.

POEMS. By James B. Everhart, author of a Volume of Miscellanies. Philadelphia: J. B. Lippincott & Co. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

This volume contains thirty-seven short poems, a number of which possess decided merit. We select "The Land I Love," "The Harvest Day," "The Kearsarge and Alabama," "Campbell's Ledge," "The Old School-House," "The War," as noteworthy. The patriotic strains which abound indicate full well the author's feelings on the live questions of the day. One whose judgment in such matters is valuable says the author's poetry has a natural sense of melody and thought.

KEEPER FROM KENTUCKY. By Petroleum V. Nashby. Illustrated by Thomas Nast. Boston: Lee and Shepard. For sale by Henry Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street.

This singular and amusing work proposes to be "a perfect record uv the upsets, downs, and experiences uv the Dimocrisy, dooring the eventful year 1867, ez seen by a [illegible] Kentuckian." The

to troops of persons. The admirers of Nasby will be pleased to have these inimitable papers put up in such an attractive form.

NAPOLEON AND BLUCHER. An Historical Novel. By L. Mühlbach, author of "Daughter of an Empress," "Marie Antoinette," "Joseph II. and his Court," etc. Complete in one volume. With illustrations. New York: D. Appleton and Company. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

There is such a fascinating influence about the writings of Louise Mühlbach that the reader is borne gently along as by magic. Coupled with this charming style, there is considerable of the dramatic element in her writings. There is, too, much of luxuriant grouping of language of the French school of writers, which renders her writings popular and fascinating. This volume depicts Napoleon in Germany, in which many notable characters are prominently brought out in weaving this delightful romance. The simple fact of the publication of a new work by this author is sufficient to attract buyers.

SELECTIONS FROM THE KALEVALA. Translated from a German version. By John A. Porter, M. D., late professor in Yale College, with an introduction and analysis of the poem. New York: Leypoldt & Holt. Pittsburgh: Davis, Clarke & Co.

This volume is the fourth of a series of great foreign poems. First was King Rene's Daughter, from the Danish, followed Frithiof's Saga, from the Swedish. The third is Lessing's immortal Nathan the Wise, recently noticed. The present volume of selections from the Kalevala is a remarkable production, an epic poem, with as much unity of plot as the Illiad, yet made up from songs collected from different mouths, and actually pieced out after it had been once published, by new additions to almost every part. In the story of the Kalevala there is a certain unity of plot. It can be briefly described as a struggle between the good and bad powers of the universe. It is written in eight syllabled trochaic verse. That is the peculiar and characteristic metre of Finns, and nearly all their poems are in this form. The analysis of this remarkable poem is of thrilling interest, which we would like to reproduce. The poem represents Wainamoinen's Sowing; the Rival Minstrels; the Encounter; Youkahainen's Song; the Enchantment; the Betrothal; the Wooing; the Consolation, and the Flight.

HISTOIRE D'UNE BOUCHE DE FAIM: L'Home Par Jean Macé. With a French and English Vocabulary, and a list of idiomatic expressions. New York: Leypolt and Holt. Sold by Davis, Clarke & Company, No. 95 Wood street, Pittsburgh.

The author has a wide reputation, as a writer of fine ability in his native land especially for youth. Translations of his writings reveal the secret of his popularity at home. Doubtless this work will be highly valued by those conversant with the French language. The vocabulary of French and English, and the list of idiomatic expressions, greatly enhance the value of the work.

CONDENSED FRENCH INSTRUCTION. Consisting of grammar and exercises with ample references. By C. J. Dollfie. New York: Leypoit and Holt. Pittsburgh: For sale by Davis, Clarke & Company, No. 95 Wood street.

This little volume presents the "Elements of French Grammar" in such a plain and simple form that young beginners will find it valuable in obtaining a knowledge of the French language. A cursory examination of the work demonstrates this fact.

THE AMERICAN LAW REVIEW. Vol. II. No. 2 Boston: Little, Brown & Co. subscriptions received by Kay & Co., No. 65 Wood street.

This number, like previous ones, discusses questions of great importance to lawyers, and such as are essential to him, if he desires to keep pace with the onward steps of the law. Some of the papers of this number contain valuable information to non-professional persons. The leading articles are Liability as Partner; Anomalies in the Law of Bailments; Marriage, as affected by the Conflict of Laws; Sunday Laws; the Internal Revenue System, Cases of Ring Salvage.

HARPER'S SELECT NOVELS. "The Brother's Bet," No. 305 of the series, is quite readable, by Emilie Carles, the popular Swedish author. It is the story of two brothers falling in love with a charming young widow, so a bet is made. "Playing for High Stakes," No. 306, like all her novels, is well written. She has drawn some of the characters with a master hand, and, unlike many such works the characters are natural, and are found every where in society.

D. APPLETON & CO.'S POPULAR EDITION OF DICKENS.

These volumes are of a convenient pocket size, with stiff paper covers, double column white paper, and clear type. We have received "Christmas Stories," and "Great Expectations." Their character is well known. For sale by Davis, Clarke & Co.

LOUISA'S TALES.

Miner sends us "No Thoroughfare," by Bellamy Brownjohn, an amusing story. Miss Thackaway's "Jack the Giant Killer," part second, maintains the same interest as when it first appeared.

TALE OF TWO CITIES. By Charles Dickens. [illegible] of the series of cheap publications by Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, of the great novelist's works. We have commended previous numbers, still wondering that so much reading matter can be secured for 25 cents. Gildenfenney will supply copies.

TURNER ALMANAC FOR 1868.

This valuable compilation has become standard, owing to the reliable statistics and facts it contains outside of such publications. For sale by Miner, 71 and 73 Fifth street.

—A monster in Cuba at different times enticed three young girls of tender years, without the knowledge of their parents, whom he murdered these, subsequently [illegible] the bodies into a deep well. He was arrested, whose suspicions had been aroused by the company of another young girl, who, but for timely interference, would have shared the fate of the others. When the mutilated bodies were drawn from the well the populace became infuriated, and demanded that the culprit be given over to them for punishment. They surrounded the jail for the purpose of executing their intention, but the authorities finally managed to disperse them.

—In Springfield, Massachusetts, a landlord, it is reported, has voluntarily reduced by 20 per cent. the rents of a block of stores he owns.

What is this Marvelous Antidote to Disease

Which, for TWENTY YEARS has been winning "golden opinions from all sorts of people," under the name of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS?

It is an infusion of the most excellent tonic, anti-bilious, anti-scorbutic and alterative herbs, roots and barks, in the purified spirituous essence of Rye.

HOW DOES IT OPERATE?

This question may be briefly answered as follows: It operates

As a..... Powerful Invigorant.
As a..... Gentle Purgative.
As a..... Diuretic.
As a..... Anti-Spasmodic.
As a..... Gentle Sedative.
As a..... Promoter of Appetite.
As a..... Cure for Indigestion.
As an..... Acclimating Medicine.
As a..... Safeguard against Malaria.
As a..... Remedy for Kidney Complaints.
As a..... Specific for Fever and Ague.
As a..... Cordial for the Aged.
As a..... Antidote to Sea Sickness.
As a..... Soothing Sedative.
As a..... Wholesome Stimulant.
As a..... Tonic, for the Weary Traveler.
As a..... Relief in Bodily Anguish.

And as a protection to health and life under all depressing and debilitating influences. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is the only article in existence, based upon a spirituous medicine, that is ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Have You Cough?

Have you Sore Throat?
Have you Hemorrhage of the Lungs?
Have you Croup or Hives?
Have you Bronchi is?
Have you Consumption?
Have you Asthma?
Have you Pains in your Breast or Side?
Have you Hectic Fever?
Have you Whooping Cough?
Have you Flourley Pains?
Is your Breathing Obstructed?
Have you any Pulmonary Affection?

If you have any of the diseases enumerated above, Dr. KEYSER'S Pectoral is a sure cure in the early stages, and a relief in the last stages. Dr. Keyser has cured bad cases of lung disease with his Pectoral alone. Prepared and sold at 120 Wood street.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT CONSULTING [illegible] EXAMINATIONS AND [illegible] WATCHING [illegible] OFFICE [illegible]

1786. PROSPECTUS. 1868

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

The largest daily paper in the State of Pennsylvania, enters the 82nd year of its existence with increased facilities for disseminating the current news of the day, and for rendering good political service in the important Presidential Canvass of 1868. The forthcoming session of Congress promises to prove one of the most important held since the formation of the Government, and the proceedings will be anxiously watched by the intelligent masses. In view of the deep interest centered in the proceedings, the proprietors of the GAZETTE have made arrangements for daily dispatches and letters during the session, from a highly intelligent correspondent, who enjoys the confidence and friendship of the leading members of the Senate and House, the heads of the various Departments, and the leading politicians who frequent Washington, so that readers can depend on receiving the first, fullest and most reliable intelligence from the seat of Government.

The proceedings of the State Legislature, at its forthcoming session, will also prove interesting, inasmuch as many questions of importance will come up for legislation. The GAZETTE will keep at the State Capital, during the entire session, an intelligent and faithful correspondent, who will promptly report the proceedings by mail and telegraph.

It is the only political journal of Pittsburgh which faithfully reflects and steadily advocates the principles held by the Union Republican Party, and interpreted by a loyal Congress.

It gives as much reading matter as any paper sold at twelve dollars per annum, while its price is but eight, being the cheapest as well as the largest newspaper in the Commonwealth.

With the enlargement, every department has been strengthened. The high character of its editorial columns will be maintained, and all questions of public importance will be fearlessly discussed.

The news department will be kept up to the requirements of the day, and in condensed items will faithfully mirror all the transactions worthy of note of the City, State, Country and world at large, and maintain for the GAZETTE the reputation of a live, enterprising and first class family and commercial newspaper.

Ample space has been reserved for market reports, which can at all times be relied upon as correct, as the current quotations for manufactures, farm products, cattle, &c., &c., are daily gathered from actual sales, by faithful and efficient reporters.

The river news is collected with care, and will prove a very interesting feature of the GAZETTE.

The financial notes department has been placed in charge of an able and experienced banker, who will render it quite an attractive and useful specialty to bankers, brokers and business men generally.

The religious department will receive the attention due its importance, and will be so conducted as to be pleasing and profitable to members of all religious denominations.

The agricultural, art, science, literary, personal and other departments of the paper will be conducted in a manner which will prove satisfactory to the reader.

TERMS OF THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Three Months.....$2.00.
Six Months.....4.00.
One Year.....8.00.
Delivered in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and all the adjacent Boroughs for 15 cents per week, payable to Carriers.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE has been enlarged to the same size as the Daily, and is now the largest, cheapest and best weekly family newspaper in the State. It should be the home of every farmer, mechanic and business man. It gives each week forty solid columns of current news by telegraph and mail, the leading editorials of the daily, and a choice selection of literary and miscellaneous items, together with everything important pertaining to the world of politics. Its agricultural columns will be edited in such a manner as to find favor with the farmer and gardener. The market reports of the WEEKLY GAZETTE are by common consent acknowledged to be the standard authority for both buyers and sellers, and in commercial circles in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia are without equal. The files of the GAZETTE are used continually by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county, as reference in important issues, to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute.

Our Agents will favor us by getting up their clubs at once, and not allowing their premiums to expire, as we are assuring that some of our readers should be deprived of a full issue. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at yearly rates. Postmasters and Merchants are requested to act as Agents.

TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscriber.....$1.50.
Clubs of Five.....1.25.
Clubs of Ten.....1.15.
—and one to the getter up of the club.

☞ For specimen copies of either Daily or Weekly, address the proprietors.

PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 54 and 56 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.

☞ Country papers in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia publishing the above, and sending marked paper, will be entitled to one year's exchange with the DAILY GAZETTE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 84 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

☞ GALA FESTIVAL SEASON OF

GRAND OPERA,

AT THE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

For a brief season only, commencing

Monday, January 27, 1868.

MAX MARETZEK'S ITALIAN OPERA,
LEONARD GROVER'S GERMAN OPERA.

COMBINED COMPANIES,
COMBINED CHORUSES,
COMBINED ORCHESTRAS,
IMMENSE REPERTOIRE

Full particulars in the papers of Saturday.

PRICES REDUCED.

FRENCH MERINOS,
PLAID POPLINS
BLACK ALPACCAS,
MOUSLIN DE LAINES,

For sale at a great reduction in price, by

WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET.

EMBROIDERIES,

LACE GOODS,
OPEN HANDKERCHIEFS,
AND LINEN SETS,

AT REDUCED PRICES, AT

F. H. EATON'S,
17 Fifth Street,

HOLMES, BELL & CO.

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of Heavy, Medium and Light

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

F. W. C. FELD,

DEALER IN

GLUE, CURLED HAIR,
Tanners' Scraps, Ceroons,
CATTLE TAILS,
Bones, Neat's Foot Oil, &c.,

Office and Warehouse—No. 124 SMITHFIELD STREET, (nearly opposite the Post Office.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PITTSBURGH

White Lead and Color Works,

Manufacturers of

WHITE AND RED LEAD,
MINC, PUTTY, BLUE LEAD,
McCUTCHEON'S ZINC PAINT,
And all colors dry or in oil.
Office, No. 67 FOURTH STREET.
Factory, Nos. 450, 452, 454, 456 and 458 Rebecca Street and 49, 51 and 53 Locust [illegible] Allegheny.

PRODUCE—In store and arriving—

6,100 lbs. Corn & Oats;
300 bush. Corn Meal;
3,000 " Oats;
2 0 0 " Rye;
1,000 " Dry ed Corn;
100 bbls. Rye Flour;
200 " Family Flour;
200 bush. Unc. or Seed;
50 " Timothy Seed;
2,000 lbs. Bed Quilts;
2,000 " Feathers;

300 bbls choice Apples;
50 bush. Bright Dried Peaches;
50 " Pared " ;
300 bbls. Prime Cheese;
60 bbls. P. " Potatoes;
60 bbls. Small Beans;
20 bbls. Sweet Cider;
10 gals. Hackey Vinegar;
40 bbl. Rosin;
10 tons Hay, to arrive;
10 bbls. Whisky.

Now in Store, a full stock of Groceries, to store, for sale.

H. RIDDLE, 31 Liberty street.

100,000, 100,000, 100,000.

Just received, the above amount of

BROOM HANDLES,

Which will be disposed of at low rates, to the trade

M. G. REILY, Wholesale Grocer,
271 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

JAPANNING,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL, BY

WILLIAM LLOYD,

[illegible] PITTSBURGH, PA.

[illegible] equal to [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICE OF THE TRIUMPH OIL COMPANY, No. 10 Irwin street, PITTSBURGH, January 14, 1868.

☞ DIVIDEND No. 6—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT., payable on and after the 20th inst., at this office. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th inst. to the 20th inst., inclusive.

WILLIAM MUSGRAVE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Jan17:19t

☞ MERCANTILE LIBRARY LECTURES.

GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND

Will deliver the next Lecture of the Course at

LAFAYETTE HALL,

On Tuesday Evening, Jan. 21st,

SUBJECT:

"Lands to the North of Us."

TICKETS.....50 CENTS.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; Lecture at 7½. To prevent confusion and delay at door, Tickets may be had during the day at the Library Room, corner Fifth and St. Clair streets.

Jan17:2

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For a brief season only, commencing

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COMBINED COMPANIES,
COMBINED CHORUSES,
COMBINED ORCHESTRAS,
IMMENSE REPERTOIRE.

Full particulars in the papers of Saturday.

PROCLAMATION.

CITY OF PITTSBURGH, ss.

In accordance with resolutions passed by the Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, I, WILLIAM McCARTHY, Mayor of said city, do issue this my Proclamation, that on MONDAY, the 27th day of January, 1868, the freemen qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth will meet at the usual places of holding elections in the SECOND WARD, Pittsburgh, and OAKLAND TOWNSHIP, to elect, by ballot, the following—

SECOND WARD, Pittsburgh—One person to fill a vacancy in Common Council.

OAKLAND TOWNSHIP—One person to fill a vacancy in Common Council.

Given under my hand and seal, this 14 [illegible] day of January, A. D. 1868.

WM. G. McCARTHY,
Mayor.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

J. Y. McLAUGHLIN and WILLIAM F. McLAUGHLIN have entered into the Commission Business as dealers in LEATHER, HIDES, OIL, &c., under the name and style of

J. Y. McLAUGHLIN & SON,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

No. 325 LIBERTY STREET,

Where they will be pleased to see all their old friends.

Jan7:10t

H. KIRKPATRICK,

PRACTICAL

BOOK-KEEPER AND ACCOUNTANT,

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS' PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE. WILL ATTEND TO

OPENING AND CLOSING MERCHANTS' BOOKS.

Single Entry Books closed and Re-Opened by Double Entry. Derange books accurately adjusted.

PARTNERSHIP SETTLEMENTS made out in a thorough business style.

Office on third floor, Apollo Building, No. 89 FOURTH STREET. dec14:6m

SKATES! SKATES! SKATES!

I have received the largest, the cheapest, and the best assortment of

SKATES,

Ever offered in this city. Skates ranging in prices, straps or complete, from ONE DOLLAR up to FIFTY DOLLARS PER PAIR. Also, a very super or quality of

LADIES' SKATES

Some of them the finest Skates made in America, and the only Skates that can be had in this city store, where Ladies can fit on their Skates before purchasing, so that they will not be annoyed in fitting them on when they reach the ice.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES EWS,

dec17:tf 136 Wood street.

STEUBENVILLE

FEMALE SEMINARY.

The Second Quarter of the Winter Session will Begin

JANUARY 13TH, 1868.

Pupils are admitted at any time. The terms have been reduced and the number of studies on the scarcity of money. The cost per quarter (10 weeks), tuition, \$30; with use of piano, \$40; boarding, furnished Room, Washing and Tuition in the common branches, \$75; Extra charges are made for Music, Painting, French and other Languages.

For catalogue apply to

Rev. C. C. BEATTY, D.D., LL.D., President of the Board of Trustees, Steubenville;
Or, Rev. A. M. REED, A. M., Principal.
d-4w13

The Highest Market Price

PAID FOR

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER,

COUPONS AND COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES,

J. F. STARK & CO., Bankers,

Cor. WOOD AND THIRD STREETS.

myl:ly

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.

SHEPHARD'S

Steam [illegible] Chocolate Factory,

317 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,

Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of

Confectionery,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS, NUTS, &c., &c.

SELLING OFF AT COST

AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S,

61 Smithfield Street,

OUR STOCK OF HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS IS

STOVES, FENDERS, COAL VASES, FIRE IRONS and STANDS,

A Good Chance to Purchase Presents.

dec27

PHYSICIAN'S VISITING LISTS,

FOR 1868, Various sizes.

Tuscan and Russia.....Price \$1.25.
Gilt Edged Patents.....1.50.
Best Calf, Interleaved Ed.....2.00.
Hunter's Calf, Pocket Book.....2.00.
Pocket.....1.75.

Sent by mail on receipt of price.

KAY & COMPANY,

65 WOOD STREET.

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE.

A PERPETUAL SCHOLARSHIP

IN SAID COLLEGE,

FOR SALE BY

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

jy9 No. 66 Smithfield street.

TEAS! TEAS!

Just received, a large and choice lot of fresh

TEAS,

AT FRANCE'S TEA MART,

No. 15 Diamond, Pittsburgh,

Which are being retailed at prices that will defy competition from any and every source. Give them a trial and you will be satisfied.

WM. FRANCE & SON,

no9 15 Diamond, Pittsburgh.

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE.

A COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

No. 92 GRANT STREET,

The duties of the next session will be resumed on January 3d. The Musical Department is now in successful operation, under the direction of Prof. ☞ HECK.

For information or admission address

Rev. W. J. CORE, Rector.

Or, Rev. A. M. REED, A. M., Principal.

d-4w13

FORTY-FIVE ORGANS

AND MELODEONS.

Direct from the Factories of Geo. A. Prince & Co., Cleveland, Ohio, and Prescott Bros., at prices from \$75 upwards. Call and examine the splendid new stock, at

BLAIR MORRIS'S MUSIC STORE,

45 Fifth street, second door above Wood.

dec18

F. ARTOS,

MECHANICAL AND ENGINEERING

DRAFTSMAN.

Office, PHILO HALL, No. 75 THIRD STREET, with Mr. Holland & Co.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,

NURSERYMEN, FLORISTS AND SEEDSMEN,

SEED STORE—112 SMITHFIELD STREET, opposite Post Office,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Greenhouses at Oakland. Nurseries on Squirrel Hill.

ja10:

FEATHERS AND BEESWAX.

25 cts. for Feathers;
31 cts. for Beeswax.

Those wishing to sell, for cash by

ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I have associated with me in the Queensware, China and Glass business my brothers, ARTHUR O'LEARY. Business will be conducted under the name of JOHN J. O'LEARY & CO.

JNO. J. O'LEARY.

Pittsburgh, January 1st, 1868. ja1:3t

NOTICE.—WHEREAS, Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of ABIGAIL S. HAGAN, late of the county of Allegheny, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned; all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them, duly authenticated for settlement, to the subscriber, at his residence in Sewickley township.

PETER BOYER, Executor.

Ja17:6t&7 Liberty Post Office.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

In the matter of the ESTATE OF MARY TWEEDY, deceased. NO. 3, December Term, 1867. Writ of Partition, on petition of WILLIAM TWEEDY.

To Francis Tweedy and Thomas Tweedy, of Carroll county, Missouri; Mary Ann Tweedy, Lancaster, Iowa; and wife, Kate Ann Rice, (formerly Mary Ann Tweedy,) Richardson county, Nebraska; Margaret Tweedy, intermarried with John Rice, of Indiana county, Pa.:

You are hereby notified that an inquisition will be held in pursuance of the above mentioned Writ of Partition or valuation, on the premises described in the Writ of Partition and Appraisement of which the said Mary Tweedy, late of Pitt[illegible], died seized in fee, for the purposes therein mentioned, situate in Pitt[illegible] Township, Allegheny county, Pa., on THURSDAY, the 27th day of February A. D. 1868 AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

To make partition to and among the heirs of the said deceased, or such of them as may appear on the part of the Commonwealth to be entitled, or make sale of the same, or such part thereof as you think proper.

SAMUEL H. CLELEY, Sheriff.

Jan17:10t

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of HAILMAN, RAHM & CO. is this day dissolved, by mutual consent, W. C. RAHM having sold his entire interest to WILLIAM COLEMAN. The business will be continued under the same style and firm of COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.

GEO. W. HAILMAN,
F. W. RAHM,
WM. COLEMAN,
W. A. MACRUM.

Pittsburgh, January 14th, 1868.

I take great pleasure in recommending the new firm to the many friends and patrons of the "DUQUESNE IRON AND STEEL WORKS," and solicit for them the continuance of favors so largely extended to the old firm.

GEO. W. HAILMAN.

DUQUESNE

Iron and Steel Works.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Iron, Nails, Spring, Axles, Steel, &c.

WAREHOUSE:

No. 77 WATER STREET,

Ja7:3m PITTSBURGH.

CHEAP CARPETS

THIRTY DAYS' CLEARANCE SALE

OF

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.,

Still Continues, at

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.'S,

No. 22 Fifth Street.

They offer their whole stock—the largest and most complete in the city—AT ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES.

COMMON CARPETS, 25 CENTS PER YARD.

Ja17

NEW PRINTS,

NEW DELAINES,
SHIRTING MUSLIN,
PILLOW CASE MUSLIN,
WIDE BLEACHED SHEETING,
WIDE UNBLEACHED SHEETING,
HEAVY UNBLEACHED MUSLINS,
CRASH, COTTON AND LINEN DIAPER,
TABLE LINEN, HUCK LINEN,
FURNITURE CHECK,
TICKINGS, GINGHAMS,
CASSIMERES, JEANS, SATINETS,
WHITE AND GREY BLANKETS,
BALMORAL and HOOP SKIRTS,
TRIMMINGS, SHIRT FRONTS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES, HOSIERY,
NOTIONS, &c., &c.,

A Large and well Selected Stock

AT VERY LOW PRICES,

Wholesale and Retail, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

150 [illegible] Central St., Allegheny.

ja16

PROPOSALS FOR

STAT

The Pittsburgh Gazette

A FRAGMENT BY SAMUEL LOVER.

IRISH LOVE MAKING.

Och hone! don't provoke me to do it;
For there's girls by the score
That loves me—and more;
And you'd look very quare if some morning you'd meet
My wedding all marching in pride down the street;
Troth you'd open your eyes,
And you'd die with surprise,
To think I wasn't you was come to it!
And faith Kathy Nalle,
And her cow, I go bail,
Would jump it for say,
"Kathy Nalle" name the day!"
And though you're fair and fresh as a morning in May,
While she's short and dark like a cold Winter's day,
Yet if you don't repent
Before Easter, when Lent
Is over I'll marry for spite—
Och hone! wirrasthru!
And when I die for you,
My ghost will haunt you every night.

EPHEMERIS.

—Famine is devastating Tunis.

—Nasby is to read in Philadelphia.

—A beastly exhibition—a menagerie.

—*Exchange.*

—Cecile Rush is playing Mary Stuart in St. Louis.

—There are thirty oil wells in Athens county, Ohio.

—The walruss in the London Zoological gardens is dead.

—The opposite of Colfax—warm fancies.—*N. Y. Mail.*

—A colored lawyer has been admitted to the Memphis bar.

—A newspaper is to be started in Alaska in the spring.

—The Holy Land is still the subject of Banvard's lectures.

—Water is selling at fifty cents a barrel in Burlington, Vt.

—Tom Brown Hughes is writing a history of King Alfred.

—The standing army of Portugal is to be reduced to 10,000 men.

—John S. C. Abbott is lecturing on France and her Emperor.

—The Pyrenees have sunk ninety feet during the last twenty years.

—Jules Favre is to receive a gold medal from the Florentines.

—Bierstadt's "Domes of the Yo Semite," has been sent to Europe.

—Detroit has more than one thousand young men out of employment.

—Brooklyn is again partially shut off from New York by heavy floating ice.

—Rev. J. W. *Fitts*, of Massachusetts, is writing a history of the Fitts family.

—Generals Hancock and Hood were vis-a-vis at a theatre in New Orleans last week.

—The Emperor of China is in danger of being captured by the rebellious Chinamen.

—The poet Bryant was elected President of the Century Club last Saturday evening.

—Mr. Thos. Carlisle has been elected Justice of the Peace for Dumfriesshire, Scotland.

—Ogdensburg, New York, wants to change its name; perhaps it had better consolidate.

—The telegraph cable between China and India is soon to be laid; it is now en route from England.

—Last week five centenarians died in New Orleans; the youngest was 101, and the eldest 111 years old.

—A. T. Stewart's only personal ornaments are his gold watch and a pair of silver bowed spectacles.

—The Brotherhood of the Black Crook is the name of an organization of young men in Norwich, Conn.

—Mrs. J. G. Bennett wore $100,000 worth of diamonds at Pike's Opera House on the opening night.

—The celebration of midnight mass on Christmas eve was prohibited in London. Cause, fear of the Fenians.

—"La Belle Helene" is the Offenbach Opera which is to succeed "La Grand Duchesse" in New York next week.

—Among the members of the Minnesota Legislature there is but one bachelor, and he is only in the Lower House.

—Dr. Holland does not like to be called the American Tupper; probably because the comparison is so exceedingly apt.

—Several broken bones were the consequences of the slippery pavements in Philadelphia on Tuesday and Wednesday.

—A man was arrested in Philadelphia on Tuesday for stealing gas. He used a rubber tube, and thus shunned the meter.

—St. Louis has two hundred and thirty thousand inhabitants. Pittsburgh would have as many if it were consolidated.

—The New York *World* has engaged Geo. Francis Train as a European correspondent. He will also write for the *Revolution*.

—The New York *Mail*, following in the footsteps of the immortal Doesticks, is doing the New York astrologists and fortune tellers.

—A wild bear made its appearance in the streets of Lancaster the other day, and several wild people immediately made their disappearance.

—Work is to be commenced on the tower of the Cathedral, at Cologne, next spring. Four hundred years ago work was suspended on the tower.

—The first Englishwoman who ever ascended Fusgarra, the sacred mountain of Japan, was Lady Parkes, who has just performed the feat in safety.

—Two English policemen watch Stephens night and day in Paris. They evidently have more confidence in his intentions than the Fenians have.

—All the manuscript sermons of a minister in Crestline, Ohio, were recently stolen by a thief who was evidently religiously or politically inclined.

The ram Green Mountain, owned in Middlebury, Vt., and valued at $15,000, is dead. It was generally believed to be the best stock sheep in the world.

—Cincinnati has but one evening paper, the *Times*. A new one, the *Chronicle*, is to be started shortly, with, however, but small chance of success.

—The New York papers in speaking of Mr. Geo. Vandenhoff, who is now reading in their city, say that he out Dickenses Dickens in Dickens' own works.

—It having become popular to hold meetings concerning "our citizens abroad," Hartford, Connecticut, had one on Thursday, at which the Mayor presided.

—One of the first class restaurants in New York has reduced its prices fifteen per cent. Our advice to each restaurant keeper is the text, "Go thou and do likewise."

—Some ardent admirer of the ballet in Chicago, at a recent performance of "Undine," presented the little Schraeder with a bouquet containing a $100 greenback.

Twenty-two thousand old houses were torn down in Paris under Baron Haussmann's administration, and eighty-seven thousand better and handsomer edifices were put up.

—Denver is crying out for literary society. We know some older towns than Denver, which have no society of that kind, but they are too old or too indifferent to cry for it.

—Robert Jassup, of New York, has invented a simple and effective apparatus for supplying organs with wind. We think he would make a capital successor to Mr. Andrew Johnson.

—The Philadelphia *North American* says, "We are sorry to learn that Rev. Dr. Boardman, of this city, is very ill. He is attended by affectionate and celebrated medical skill, but his case is critical. The prayers of the whole Christian community will ascend for the preservation of his useful life."

—There are in Philadelphia 80,830 brick houses, 6,835 stone buildings, and 13,819 frame ones; there are also a few iron buildings, making the total number of houses of all materials 101,504. Among these are 385 churches, 208 public schools, 45 religious schools, 1,263 factories, and 60 public institutions.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ A COUGH, A COLD, OR A SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

Is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the WORTHLESS IMITATIONS that may be offered.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. fe10:MWF

☞ BUCHU.

(From Dispensatory of the United States)

BUCHU LEAVES.

Properties.—Their odor is strong, diffusive and somewhat aromatic, their taste bitterish, and analagous to mint.

Medical Properties and Uses.—Buchu leaves are gently stimulant, with a peculiar tendency to the *Urinary Organs*, producing diuresis, and like other similar medicines, exciting diaphoresis.

They are given in complaints of the Urinary Organs, such as Gravel, Chronic Inflammation of the Bladder, Morbid Irritation of the Bladder and Urethra, Disease of the Prostate and Retention or Incontinence of Urine, from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation. Thereondy has also been recommended in Dropsy, Chronic Rheumatism, Cutaneous Affections and Dropsy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is used by persons from the ages of 18 to 25, and from 35 to 55, or in the decline or change of life; after Confinement or Labor Pains; Bed wetting in children.

In Affections Peculiar to Females the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painful or Suppressed and Scanty Menstruation, Ulcerated or Schirous State of the Uterus, Leucorrhea or Whites.

Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings. This medicine has ever been in use of Diuretic, and exercises the Absorbing into healthy action, by which the Watery accumulations disappear, and all Unnatural Enlargements are reduced, as well as Pain and Inflammation.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given. Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Stricture of Urine, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Gravel, Catarrh, Retention, Incontinence and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for Affections and Disorders arising from Imprudence, attended with the following symptoms:—Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Disease, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Head, Hot Hands, Flushing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Eruptions on the Face, Pale Countenance, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, &c.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS DIURETIC AND BLOOD-PURIFYING.

And cures all Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation, Excesses and Imprudence in Life, Impurities of the Blood, &c., superseding Copaiba in all affections for which it is intended, such as Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Inflammation, Irritation or Ulceration of the Neck of the Bladder, Diseases of the Kidneys, &c.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS DIURETIC AND BLOOD-PURIFYING.

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Take no Copaiba or Sarsaparilla Compounds, but use HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

HELMBOLD'S
DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 BROADWAY,
And by Druggists everywhere.
ASK FOR
HELMBOLD'S,
AND TAKE NO OTHER.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ja13:MWF

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."
Phalon's	"Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by
PHALON & SON, New York.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER

☞ WM. BARNHILL & CO.,
BOILER MAKERS
AND
SHEET IRON WORKERS,
Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having occupied a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture or repair every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

☞ Agents for ALLEN'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja11:tf2

☞ LAKE SUPERIOR
COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS,
PITTSBURGH.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Sweater Solder, &c. Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinners' Machines and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET, and 142 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. my14:dwtf

☞ THE HEALING POOL,
AND HOUSE OF MERCY.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS FOR THE CURE OF DISEASES OF THE YOUTH, and the ERRORS, ABUSES and DISEASES which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Send in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Associat'n, Philadelphia, Pa. se26:d&w7

☞ QUINCY A. SCOTT,
DENTIST,
NO. 218 PENN STREET,
mh28:ly22 PITTSBURGH.

CONFECTIONERIES &c.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS &c.,

At the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER
No. 16 DIAMOND, Allegheny.
ja2:tf

HENRY W. HORBACH,
Confectionery and Bakery,
No. 400 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Between Seventh and Liberty.
☞ LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

GEORGE BEAVEN,
CANDY MANUFACTURER,
And dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,
118 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City.

STOVES! STOVES!
FREDERICK SCHULTZ,
Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware,

Dealer in Cutlery, Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves, Tinners, Britannia and Block Tin Ware, No. 118 WYLIE STREET, near Washington.

Hammered and Turned Ware, who sends and Job Jobbing and Repairing promptly attended to

F. HUSSMANN,
FIFTH STREET, between Wood & Cherry Sts.,
Gunsmith and Dealer in Hardware.

First class goods of all descriptions always on hand and sold at the lowest prices. Repairing done carefully, on short notice. ja18:dtf

RENOVAL.
GREAT SALE AT COST!

My large stock of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS is offered at cost. I am preparing to move into my new building, No. 166 SMITHFIELD ST., between Fifth and Sixth streets, and will dispose of my present stock at VERY LOW PRICES.

J. D. MATTHEWS,
No. 166 Smithfield street

STAMP AND STENCIL CUTTER,
931 Liberty Street, opposite Wood.
BRANDING IRONS, STAMPS AND STENCILS FOR MARKING PLATES, ALPHABETS AND FIGURES, to Steel or Copper, at shortest notice and the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE. We defy competition.
☞ AGENTS WANTED. no22:tf

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE
CITY TO BUY THE
TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,
Is at No. 145 GRANT STREET.
e26 P. C. DUFFY.

H. B. LYON,
Sealer of Weights and Measures
No. 5 FOURTH STREET,
Between Liberty and Ferry Streets,
Orders promptly attended to. ap18:ly

D. R. ECKER,
DEALER IN
CEMENT, FIRE BRICK AND TILE,
STONE HEARTH,
WHITE LIME, CHIMNEY TOPS,
And WATER LIME.
Office and Warehouse, 197 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House. au13

LEATHER BELTING of a superior quality, made expressly for our sales, and warranted to give full satisfaction, for sale at 78 and 79 St. Clair street. J. & H. PHILLIPS. a.27

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED SOME
NEW GOODS!
Among which we have a splendid assortment of
LACE GOODS,
COMPRISING
Point Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs;
Point Applique Collars and Handkerchiefs;
Maltese Collars and Handkerchiefs.

We have also some more of those
Ladies' & Gent's Fur Topped Gloves,
FOR $1.50 A PAIR.
Our HOOP SKIRTS, at 50c.,
Are not altogether sold out yet, for those who might want a set of them. We still keep up
Our Cheap Bulletin:
Handkerchiefs, pure Linen, for 5c.
Heavy Cotton Ribbed Hose, for 12c.
Heavy Unions Flannel Hose, (Extra,) 25c.
Heavy Woolen Hose, 25c.
Good Country Yarn, $1 a lb.
Good Gingham Skirts, $1 a piece.
Good's Corseting Jeans, 75c.
Paper Collars, 15c in a box, 10c.

☞ Be sure and remember the numbers of the store. They are

78 & 80 Market St.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
de31

CLOAKING CLOTHS
AND VELVETS,
CLOSING OUT AT
COST AND LESS THAN COST,
AT
J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.'S,
No. 87 MARKET STREET,
All the desirable shades in
CLOAKING CLOTHS,
AT GREAT BARGAINS.

The entire stock of WINTER GOODS closing out at

Greatly Reduced Prices!

☞ Remember the place,

No. 87 Market Street.
de30

1867. FALL TRADE. 1867.
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
Wholesale Dealers in
DRY GOODS,
No. 115 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

Offer at Eastern prices Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams, Checks, Jeans, Tweeds, Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Flannels, Blankets, Shawls, Skirts, White Goods, Bleached and Brown Domestics, a full line of Notions and Small Goods, carpet Bindings, of Eastern and home manufacture.

We are agents for FULLERTON'S PREPARED BARRED FLANNELS, CRAIG'S GREENVILLE BARRED FLANNELS, and COUNTRY BLANKETS, sold strictly on commission, at Mill Prices. A full line in all departments.

Buyers are invited to call and examine our Goods and Prices.

C. ARBUTHNOT.....W. T. SHANNON.
J. G. STEPHENSON.

DENNISON & HECKERT,
27 *Fifth Street.*
Fine Furs for Holiday Presents,
FANCY BOXES,
FINE SCARFS AND MUFFLES,
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS.
All kinds of FANCY JEWELRY.
WOOL & MERINO UNDERGARMENTS.
KID GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS.
HOSIERY, NECK TIES, SUSPENDERS.
CORSETS and HOOP SKIRTS.
FANCY FANS.

All our goods at reduced prices, in order to close out our winter stock. de24

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
third house above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

COAL, COKE, &c.

C. H. ARMSTRONG.....A. A. HUTCHINSON.
ARMSTRONG & HUTCHINSON,
(Successors to PHILADELPHIA AND YOUGHIOGHENY COAL COMPANY,)
MINERS, SHIPPERS and DEALERS, by Railroad and River, of
SUPERIOR YOUGHIOGHENY
GAS AND FAMILY COAL
Office and Yard—FOOT OF TRY STREET, near the Canal.
☞ Orders left at the yard or addressed by mail will be promptly filled.
BEST FAMILY COAL
Always on hand and delivered promptly to order.
AT LOWEST MARKET RATES, BY
OSCAR F. LAMM & CO.,
Cor. Sandusky Street and P. Ft. W. & C. Railway,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
Anthracite Coal furnished at the lowest rates. je5:x

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
No. 567 LIBERTY STREET
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR,
Are now prepared to furnish good Youghiogheny
LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK,
At the lowest market price.
☞ All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly. my25:1y28

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,
DEALER IN
YOUGHIOGHENY & CONNELLSVILLE COAL
And Manufacturer of
Coal, Slack, and Desulphurized Coke
OFFICE AND YARD,
Corner of Ross and Water streets, first yard on Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward, and on Second street, near Lock No. 1, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Families and Manufacturers supplied with the best article of Coal or Coke at the lowest cash rates.

Orders left at any of their offices will receive prompt attention.

SUPERIOR COAL.
C. CHERRY & CO.,
Miners and Shippers of PITTSBURGH, GAS, FORGE and FAMILY COAL. NUT COAL and SLACK. Coal delivered promptly to any part of the cities, at the lowest market rates.

Office and Yard, corner FOURTH and WATSON (formerly Canal,) STREETS, Pittsburgh. P. O. BOX, 1292. oct31

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE,
situated at corner of Duncan and Soho Streets, Birmingham. Lot 24 feet by 80, extending to an alley. Frame house, two stories high, of five rooms; good cellar under the house; front; hydrant; water on the lot. Price $2,700.

B. McCLAIN & CO.,
1/2 Fourth street.

A COAL WORKS FOR SALE,
capable of running 15,000 bushels daily, including tunnel head, store house, flats, wagons, mules, and all the necessary fixtures for a large business and immediate operations. There are 66 acres of coal. This is one of the most valuable works on the Monongahela river; will be sold low, and on good terms.

Apply to W. A. HERRON, Real Estate Office, No. 62 Fourth St., opposite Court House. se7

FOR SALE OR RENT, CHEAP—
A Farm at Carpenter's Station, on the Central Railroad, containing 12 acres; improvements, new house and stables, good orchard; all in pasture and good for cultivation. Also, several Garden Farms, in good condition, and well improved, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Also, a number of good building lots in the city and suburbs.

For further particulars inquire of
WILLIAM WARD,
116 Grant street,
opposite the Cathedral.

2,000,000 ACRES
OF
CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,
BY THE
Union Pacific Railway Co.,
EASTERN DIVISION,
Lying along the line of their road, at
$1.00 to $5.00 Per Acre,
And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS,
For particulars, maps, &c., address
JOHN P. DEVEREUX,
Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas,
Or, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,
St. Louis, Missouri.
au14

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS
SINGERLY & CLEIS,
(Successors to Geo. E. Schmidtman & Co.,)
PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,
THE ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS.
Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Show Cards, Show Cards, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 74 and 76 Third st., Pittsburgh.

CHAS. A. MILLER,
LITHOGRAPHER,
No. 80 FOURTH ST., Apollo Building.
CHECKS, DRAFTS, NOTES, BILL and LETTER HEADS, &c., done in all styles. ap9:1y36

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

GREAT REDUCTION
IN
CARPETS!

We have determined to give our customers at once the advantage of any decline in prices that may be made later in the season, and have to-day

REDUCED PRICES
OF OUR
ENTIRE STOCK
OF
NEW AND CHOICE GOODS,

Far below what it would cost to replace the goods.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,
de31:tf&s 71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET (SECOND FLOOR.)

CARPETS AT COST.
For a Short Time.
PREPARATORY TO TAKING STOCK!
A Very Large Assortment of
OIL CLOTHS,
Window Shades,
HOLLANDS,
AND
Cheap All-Wool Ingrains,
McCALLUM BROS.,
51 Fifth Street, above Wood.
no30

MERCHANT TAILORS.

WINTER GOODS.
E HOUSTON & CO.,
Fashionable Merchant Tailors,
NO 37 FIFTH STREET,
Have just received a second supply of
Winter Coatings,
Together with full lines of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS. Fits guaranteed and prices very reasonable.

A full supply of Men and Boys' READY MADE CLOTHING on hand, at prices to suit the times. no30:tf&s

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
WE ARE NOW
READY FOR THE HOLIDAYS,
With a large and select assortment of BISMARK, GRECIAN, GARIBALDI and METROPOLITAN
SUITS,
For BOYS, YOUTHS and CHILDREN.
OVERCOATS, all styles and sizes, in great variety.
GRAY & LOGAN,
No. 47 St. Clair Street.

P. McARDLE,
Merchant Tailor,
No. 93½ Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.
Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,
ALSO, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
GENT'S CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, in the latest styles.

MERCHANT TAILORS.
JONES & DUFF,
No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET, have just brought from the east a full supply of WINTER GOODS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, OVERCOATINGS, &c., which they are prepared to cut and make up in a style equal to any shop in the east or west. They are determined to deserve and hope to receive a liberal patronage. no21:tf&s

DISSOLUTIONS.

DISSOLUTION.
Notice is hereby given that the Copartnership existing between HILL & EWING was dissolved on the 20th of DECEMBER, 1867, by mutual consent. WILLIAM HILL,
ja7:j41 A. W. EWING.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership formerly existing between WM. H. STURGEON and A. D. ROBB was dissolved Dec. 23, 1867, by mutual consent. WM. H. STURGEON,
ja7:k48 A. D. ROBB.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing in the Flour and grocery trade between HUGH KNOX and JAMES S. CLARKE, in the city of KNOXVILLE, Tenn., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement. The business hereafter will be closed by the former business will be continued by HUGH KNOX, at the old stand, No. 25 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. HUGH KNOX.
Pittsburgh, January 1, 1868. JAS. S. CLARKE.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN
THAT the partnership heretofore existing by and between Jacob Seibert, John Baer, Henry Hoffman and Louis Seiberhold, under the firm and style of SEIBERT, BAER & CO., in the business of manufacturing hair, Glue and Curled wool at No. 19 Virgin alley, Ninth ward, Pittsburgh, was this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled by Louis Seiberhold, who alone is authorized to receive all sums due said firm and to sign the firm's name in liquidation.

JACOB SEIBERT,
JOHN BAER,
HENRY HOFFMAN,
LOUIS WEIDERHOLD.
Pittsburgh, December 15, 1867. 21:3t

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of
SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.
is this day, JANUARY 9th, 1868, been dissolved by mutual consent. JOHN SMITHSON and THOMAS PHILLIPS having sold their entire interest in the YANHOOK & McCLELLAND. The business of the concern will be settled only by and count signed by H. SMITHSON, C. C. VANHOOK and J. B. BRUCE McCLELLAND, under the firm name of

SMITHSON, VANHOOK & McCLELLAND.
H. B. SMITHSON,
J. S. PALMER,
T. PHILLIPS.

We cheerfully recommend to the favorable notice and patronage of the late firm of successors, who will continue the business at the old stand, 55 and 57 Fifth street.
J. S. PALMER,
T. PHILLIPS.
ja16:7f& FW

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED TRUNK HOUSE IN THE CITY.
W. J. GILMORE,
(Successor to GILMORE & LIBELEU,)
Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
TRUNKS,
Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.
☞ A large assortment of LADIES' SATCHELS always on hand.
No. 106 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.
oct9:y32

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of
PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS
CLINTON MILL, STEUBENVILLE, OHIO,
BRIGHTON MILL, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President.
JNO. R. LIVINGSTON, Treas'r.
JOHN MIDDLEY, Sec'y.
DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Aiwell, S. H. Hartman, John R. Livingston, John M. Perkins, C. H. Merrick.
Cash Paid for Paper Stock.
no29:y60

HAZARD POWDER.
I AM NOW PREPARED TO fill, at shortest notice, all orders for large or small lots of
HAZARD'S CELEBRATED POWDER.
All orders left at or sent by mail to my store, Nos. 178 and 174 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa., or to 102 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., will receive prompt attention.
ARTHUR KIRK.
se21:m30

NEW CONSIGNMENTS.
700 bbls Peach Blow Potatoes;
225 bbls Apples;
15,000 lbs Dried Apples;
10,000 lbs Dried Peaches;
20,000 lbs Evaporated Apples;
200 boxes Hambourgh and Factory Cheese;
100 boxes Canned Fruits;
50 bbls Prime New Sorghum;
60 bbls Hominy;
50 bbls Buckwheat;
20 bbls White Corn Meal;
20 kegs Pure Lard;
20 pkgs Choice Table Butter;
10 kegs Goshen Butter;
100 bushels Prime Clover Seed;
15 bbls Refined Cider;
20 bbls Cider Vinegar.
For sale by GRAFF & REITER.
ja7:dtf

JAMES B. JONES,
DEALER IN
Scrap Iron, Light Iron
CAST AND WROUGHT IRON
ROPE, &c.
Corner Anderson Street and Riverside, Allegheny City.
GEO. O. CLARK.....J. M. WATKINS.....D. P. RA
IRON CITY BELT WORKS.
GEO. O. CLARK & CO.,
Manufacturers of every description of Patent, Stitched, Cemented and Riveted Oak-Tanned
Leather Belting
No. 409 LIBERTY ST., 3d floor ... site Union Depot, Pittsburgh.

TO CAPITALISTS.—A rare opportunity is offered for an investment in an establishment for the manufacture of a leading article in the iron line, with complete running order and only requiring capital to make it a largely paying investment. Situated in the city of Pittsburgh. Full particulars given on application to the undersigned.
B. McCLAIN & CO.,
de28 111 Fourth street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ST. LOUIS WATERWORKS.
To Machinists.

OFFICE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS, CITY OF ST. LOUIS, Dec. 16, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposals for High Service Pumping Engines," will be received at the "Board of Water Commissioners" will be received at their office, south-east corner of Fourth and Elm streets, city of St. Louis, until twelve o'clock, noon, of MONDAY, the twenty-seventh day of January, 1868, at which hour the bids will be opened and read for building and erecting at Bissell's Point, City of St. Louis, two (2) high service pumping engines, with boilers and appurtenances complete; engine No. 1 to be completed and ready for service by the 1st of November, 1868; engine No. 2 to be completed and ready for service by the 1st of January, 1870.

Plans of the engines and boilers can be seen, and specifications with form of proposal and contract, can be obtained upon application at the Engineer's office, on and after Thursday, the 26th of December, 1867, and also at the office of the Water Commissioners, City Hall Number, 403 Broadway, New York.

The amount of security will not be less than fifty thousand dollars on each contract. The Board reserves the right to increase the amount or security after the proposals are opened, to any sum not exceeding one-half the amount of the contract, should it appear that it is for the interest of the city so to do. The services offered must be satisfactory to the Register of the county of St. Louis.

By order of the Board,
d.24:m28 GEO. K. BUDD, President.

CHANDELIERS,
BRACKETS AND LAMPS,
FOR EITHER GAS OR OIL,

Of latest patterns and best workmanship, at all prices, among which are

12 Light Gas Chandeliers at	$200	00 each.
8 " " "	60	00 "
6 " " "	50	00 "
4 " " "	60	00 "
2 " " "	45	00 "

8 Light Gas Bracket for wall..... 60 00 "
All of latest patterns and best workmanship.
ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Kitchen, Hall and Parlor Lamps,
OPAL AND PAPER SHADES,
GLOBES, &c., &c.,
In quantities to suit purchasers.
ARTHUR KIRK,
173 and 175 Federal St., Allegheny.
no28:dtf

THE FORT PITT
LUMBER CO.
Capital, : : : : : $125,000.
President—EDW. DITHRIDGE.
Secretary—T. A. WRIGHT.
Superintendent—JAS. GILLESPIE

The FORT PITT LUMBER CO. having purchased TWO THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED (2,400) ACRES of unculled pine lands in Forest County, Pa., and erected thereon a large Steam Saw Mill, are now prepared to supply every variety of FIRST CLASS PINE LUMBER, from their yard,

NINTH WARD, corner of Lumber and Allegheny Sts.

☞ Communications by mail should be addressed to
T. A. WRIGHT, Secretary.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH IMPORTING HOUSE.
ESTABLISHED 1836.
SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,
IMPORTERS OF
GERMAN, FRENCH AND SPANISH
WINES AND LIQUORS,
409 Penn Street, Pittsburgh.

Our MR. SCHMIDT having returned from Europe, has made large purchases, and perfected arrangements with the following first class houses:

F. HUMILLER, Ayins, Champagne.
JEWTRISE & CO., Epernay, Champagne.
J. PRUNIER & CO., Cognac and Bordeaux.
CHAS. LAGRANGE, Cognac.
HUGO & SOHN, Rudesheim.
REINARD SCHMIDT, Nierstein, A. Rhein.
A. STUCK & CO., Grunbach, Sparkling Hock and Moselle.
HAAS & CO., Ayins.
YUNGER & CO., Scotch Ales.
A choice assortment of PURE OLD RYE WHISKEY constantly on hand.

Having CONSOLIDATED with the above houses, we are able to offer the choicest brand of WINES and LIQUORS. Examination of quality and comparison of prices solicited. oct11:y28

TO WHEAT GROWERS.
EUREKA AMMONIATED BONE
Super-Phosphate of Lime.
MANUFACTURED BY
THE ALLEGHENY FERTILIZER CO.,
SEWARD & CAMPBELL,
PROPRIETORS.

The best Fertilizer in use, and recognized in all Farmers who have given it a trial, to be the standard for raising large crops of Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, &c. Also, for all kinds of gratuitous circulation a pamphlet containing interesting and reliable statements of this Fertilizer, copies of which will be sent free to any calling at their address.

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,
(Successors to D. E. BULGER, Agent,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FURNITURE
Of Every Description.
SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE
No. 45 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ A full assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture constantly on hand at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

C. A. HOPPER.....WM. C. HOPPER.....WM. S. WILT.
ja25:1y66

COOK STOVES.
GET THE BEST
BISSELL & CO'S.
TRIUMPH
FOR BITUMINOUS
COAL.
Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any Stove in the Union.
BISSELL & CO.,
235 LIBERTY STREET.
Also on hand and for sale, PARLOR STOVES, HEATING STOVES, GRATE COOKS, FENDERS, COOKING RANGES, &c.

A GREAT FAMILY CONVENIENCE,
A new and novel arrangement for having
HOT WATER BOILERS
attached to the back end of common cook stoves, so that the waste heat when goes up the stove-pipe heats all the water needed in an ordinary family, by simply turning the flues directly through the boiler, which sits over the pipe hole of the stove. This new arrangement can be put on to any No. 7, 8 or 9 common Cooking Stove, of any manufacture. Any person having the TRIUMPH, VICTORY, BLACK OAK BEAUTY or UNION STOVE, or single or other Cook Stove made in the Union, can have Boilers attached to their Stoves, including the Attachment, the Boiler and Lids, an 18th Cook, for the sum of SEVEN DOLLARS, by applying to
BISSELL & CO.,
No. 235 LIBERTY STREET,
Manufacturers of the Triumph Cook Stove.

COLGATE & CO.'S
FRAGRANT
TOILET SOAPS
Are prepared by skilled workmen from the best materials, and are known to the trade and customers. Sold everywhere. de27:w7

$15,000 TO LOAN,
ON BOND AND MORTGAGE.
G. M. PEFFLY,
No. 95 Smithfield Street.
Real Estate bought and sold. 1y28

OIL WORKS & COMPANIES

EUREKA OIL WORKS,
Manufacturers of
Eureka Carbon Oil,
THE CELEBRATED
Sperm Lubricating Oils,
CHEMICAL LINSEED OIL,
Wholesale Dealers in
Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils; Lard, Sperm, Whale and Fish Oils.
R. C. MACHESNEY, Agent,
19 Irwin Street,
PITTSBURGH.

WARING & KING,
COMMISSION BROKERS AND DEALERS IN
Petroleum and its Products,
Baizell's Block, Duquesne Way,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS:
WARING, KING & CO.,
137 Walnut St., Phila.

H. M. LONG & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,
Brand—"LUCIFER."
Office,

The Pittsburgh Gazette

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

Adjourned Meeting—Annual Reports of Committees.

An adjourned meeting of Allegheny City Councils was held Thursday evening, January 16th.

Select Branch.

Members present—Messrs. Brown, English, Hall, Irwin, Motheral, Myler, McCormick, Patterson J. C., Smith Wm., Thomas, and President McBrier.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

STREETS, &c.

Mr. Myler presented the monthly report of the Street Committee, accompanied by an ordinance repealing an ordinance providing for the grading and paving of Carroll street.

The President said that as this was a special meeting, it would require a suspension of the rules before Councils could take action on the matter.

The rules were suspended, and on motion of Mr. Myler the report was received and the ordinance passed finally.

Mr. Myler presented the report of the viewers on the opening of Pitt alley.

Also, the report of the viewers on the opening of Morton alley.

On motion of Mr. Hall, the above reports were laid over for two weeks.

Mr. Brown presented the act prepared by the Special Committee on Sewerage, and moved that the Committee be instructed to have it printed. The motion was adopted.

CONTROLLER'S REPORT.

Mr. Hall presented the report of the City Controller, of which the following is an abstract:

The Controller, Mr. Francis, submits a statement of the receipts and expenditures of the city for the fiscal year ending December 31, 1867.

The aggregate receipts have been, from all sources, $248,028 00; of this there was realized from the sale of city bonds, $15,915, and from notes discounted, $44,271 56, leaving the net revenues derived from ordinary sources of income, $187,841 53.

The aggregate expenditures, and due from the Treasury, have been $254,018, 27; to this is to be added $13,000 of city bonds issued in payment of the Fire Alarm Telegraph, which will swell the amount to $267,018 27, thus increasing the debt in one year considerably over $100,000.

This large increase has been mainly for extending water pipes to the lately annexed district of Manchester, for the permanent improvement of the wharf, and for the fire alarm telegraph, all deemed indispensable to the welfare of the city. From the first named the city, it is presumed, will in time derive a handsome revenue.

Of the liabilities of the late borough of Manchester assumed by the city, there has thus far been paid $9,357 46, leaving yet to be paid $11,000: one thousand of which falls due in May, next, and the balance maturing in July, 1871.

The Controller calls attention to the need of creating a sinking fund for the redemption of the city bonds. He also suggests that better means be devised for the collection of personal tax. The loss to the city this year from this source will be $3,400, and the school and poor taxes will swell the sum to more than double.

EXPENDITURES.

The following are the expenditures showing the amount in each department:

Salaries	$ 16,109 68
Interest	29,231 47
Engine and Firemen	15,852,24
Printing	2,437 80
Streets and bridges	16,427 27
Wharves and landings	1,035 80
Taxes	843 49
Police	18,246 96
Contingent fund	30,829 93
Water Works	98,828 97
Unpaid warrants and claims	6,312 75
Gas	7,618 36
Sinking fund for bonds	20,000 00
Wharf bond fund	148 08
Improvement of wharf	26,990 16
Bills payable	1,973 75
Canal sewer	53 19
Total	$257,018 27

Financial Statement.

Funded Debt	$618,272 62
Bond and Mortgage to A. B. McEwen	3,433 34
Floating Debt	83,146 96
	$704,852 92

ASSETS.

Government Securities and Bonds	$117,609 41
Delinquent Taxes	28,079 86
Water and Business Tax Due	15,652 35
Manchester Borough Assets	1,540 03
Ground Rents (Seminary)	1,923 54
Cash Due	1,686 41
Cash in Treasury	643 45
	$161,119 07

On motion, the report was received and ordered to be printed in the usual form.

REPORT OF STREET COMMITTEE.

Mr. Myler presented the annual report of the Street Committee, of which the following is an abstract:

The Committee report the total amount expended in keeping the streets in proper condition the past year, $69,454 22. The cost of grading, paving, and repairing streets and sidewalks, was $203,660 70, of which sum $122,259 68 has been collected, leaving a balance of $81,401 12 yet due.

The entire cost of grading and paving all the streets and alleys in the city, which are now graded and thirty-four hundredths miles in length, amounts to $628,289 35.

The report contained a resolution authorizing that a warrant be drawn for $200 in favor of the Street Commissioner of the Manchester district, in addition to his present salary of $900.

The report was received and the resolution finally passed.

REPORT OF WATER COMMITTEE.

Mr. Thomas presented the report of the Water Committee, of which we give the following abstract:

The Committee report the total cost and expense of laying pipe and running the Water Works the present season, that branch of business will become quite brisk this year. The public would thereby be benefited, the rents which constitute the bulk of the Water Hotel fall due in April, the legal house is Altoona, and the water rents are usually paid in the spring or fall, and thousands of unemployed hands would find occupation, whilst the owners of lots will be able to build their houses with the cheapest rates of labor at much lower figures than at the time when three to five dollars a day had to be paid for common labor.

The city have probably informed you by this time of the sad havoc which the cholera has made on board the Hamburg emigrant ship Leibnitz, arrived at quarantine last Saturday. Out of four hundred and sixty-five passengers one hundred and five have fallen victims to that dreadful disease, and it seems very unusual and singular that in the months of November and December the weather should be as warm as it is represented by the officers of the ship to have been in the latitude in which the vessel sailed. The cholera had already prevailed in Mechlemburg, where the majority of the emigrants had come from, and this circumstance accounts for the rapid spreading of the disease, of which the seed was probably already in the constitution of many a passenger.

Private advices from Havana inform us that the same epidemic commences to rage in that city, and it is feared that it will spread rapidly; the weather being very warm there at present and the precautions taken by the authorities have never excelled for their efficiency. We may therefore look for more vessels in quarantine before long, if the above news, which comes from reliable sources, be confirmed. As for our city, we have no cholera weather, and since Mr. Seward's purchase of Walrusia, seems as if we were gradually approaching the climate that benefited Ponce de Leon.

All events our new fellow-citizens near the North Pole, Mesdovitas as well as Esquimaux, would be apt to live quite comfortable out of doors pends, which are daily crowded with a host of skaters of both sexes. The ice is excellent, owing to the fact that no snow has fallen for several weeks, much to the grief of sleigh owners, but nevertheless to the great satisfaction of the public generally, for it is no fun for business men to be two or three hours on a street car, encumbered by masses of snow ahead. The sweeping machines, it is true, are a partial relief, but in case of wind it would require an machine for almost every car, for your correspondent has seen the snow blown back on the track as fast as the machine proceeds. For operatical and vertical enterprises the present dry weather is not unfavorable.

We have to record the opening of Pike's Opera House, which took place last week, in the presence of a very large and fashionable audience. The building is a magnificent one, but we fear that the objection made to the locality by experts, may prove to be well founded, and prevent the house from becoming a popular one. It is situated at the corner of Twenty-third street and Eighth avenue, and consequently too far West to be easily accessible, except for owners of carriages and horses. Much delay is caused to those living east of the said avenue on account of the frequent changes of cars or a long walk for getting there. At all events the building is an ornament to our city and the first performances, under the direction of Sig. Strakosch, were a great suc ess. A former favorite of the New York public made her appearance on that occasion and earned well deserved applause, although the ravages of time have of course made their work perceptible in the strength of her voice. We speak of Madame Lagrange, who has made her name familiar in South America and Europe during her long absence from our continent. Madame Ristori will give a few more performances at the French theatre previous to her departure from this city, and the probability is that it will soon be replaced by other troupes, and thus keep up the excitement of the pleasure seeking public.

JONES.

Bargains in Ladies' Furs, at William **Fleming's**, No. 139 Wood street. tf

CITY ITEMS.

Grand Exhibition of Fancy Skating at the Rink.—The elegant and graceful young skater, Eugene W. Pratt, will exhibit this afternoon and evening at the Keystone Rink. No extra charge to holders of season or coupon tickets. Ladies visiting the Rink during the forenoon and afternoon can receive lessons in skating, without charge, during Mr. Pratt's stay. tf.

For Sale—A House of six rooms and one acre of ground, at Edgewood Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad; also, one of nine rooms and a finished attic of three rooms; 4 acres and 18 perches of ground, at the same station; several nice building sites for sale at the same place. Enquire at 720 Liberty St., or on the premises.

WFM JOHN GRAZIER.

Six P's.—Poets—Painters—Preachers—Players—Printers and Politicians—all suffer from Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaints, and all diseases which they may cure or prevent by the use of Plantation Bitters. If those sufferers took these Bitters, the Poetry would be purer, the Acting truer, the Paintings grander, the Sermons livelier, the Printing neater, and the Politics honester. This splendid tonic invigorates the system, and enables the brain to work healthily.

Perhaps no article was ever so well endorsed by all who have used it.

Magnolia Water.—A delightful toilet article, superior to Cologne, and at half the price. MWF

Something Good.—The boots, shoes, gaiters, &c., for misses, ladies and children, kept at 89 Market street, are made of the very best material, and sold as low as the lowest. All goods are warranted to give satisfaction. If you want something good, and at gold prices, call at Robb's Shoe House, 89 Market street.

At the popular and fashionable retail trimming house of W. W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street, will be found at very reasonable prices all the latest styles and novelties in Ladies' Dress Trimmings, embroideries, white goods, party and opera goods, and gents furnishing articles.

To Wholesale Buyers of Dry Goods we are offering special inducements—job lots from the Eastern Auction Sales—Shawls, Dress Goods, Housekeeping Goods, Mens' Wear, Sheetings, Shirtings, Prints, &c.

J. W. BARKER & Co., 59 Market street.

Call and Examine the large and complete stock of Ladies' Furs, at William Fleming's, No. 139 Wood street. tf

Constitution Water is a certain cure for Diabetes and all diseases of the kidneys. For sale by all druggists. MWF.

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LATSHAW & RHODES.

JOSHUA RHODES & CO., Malsters,

AND

BARLEY AND HOP DEALERS,

Office, 382 Penn Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Malt House Rebecca Street near Gas Works, Allegheny.

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IT HAS NO EQUAL.

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NEWS OF THE WEEK

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SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE.

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Pittsburgh, Penna.

MARBLE AND SLATE MANTLES

At the Pittsburgh Steam Marble & Slate Works.

Office and Warerooms—3-9 and 341 LIBERTY STREET. Mantle Wareroom on second floor.

Persons wanting Marble or Slate Mantles will find it to their interest to call. Workmanship in any part with any prices to suit purchasers. Marble Mantles or Furniture of any kind, Tables, Stands, Bureau Tops, &c., &c., can be Manufactured, and made to order at the shortest notice.

There is no other place in Western Pennsylvania where can be found such a large assortment of Marble Work done in the best manner. Marble Cutters supplied with Sawed Marble at Eastern prices. W. W. WALLACE.

TO GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED having secured the sole Agency for the sale of the

COPLEY POT CLAY,

are now prepared to furnish it in any quantity to those wishing to produce this superior article. Having ordered heavy lots of this clay we have always on hand a supply, and can fill orders at a shorter notice for more than any in the market. Those who have used it for years will speak highly of its properties. Those who have not tried it are requested to make a small trial order, and some lasting as long as others will be convinced of its superiority. Foreign clay is the production of this Clay to be ground and packed in barrels for delivery.

DITTO, BEALE & SON,
Fort Pitt State Works,
Washington St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

LETTER FROM NEW YORK

Suffering Among the Poor Classes—Scarcity of Labor—Better Prospects Ahead—The Cholera in Quarantine—Prevalence of Intermittent Fevers—Sweeping Machines—Opening of Pike's Opera House, &c.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 13, 1868.

The severity of the present weather is a source of much suffering to the poor class in our city, and we will all of us have reason to rejoice at an early return of a milder temperature, which we hope will not delay more than another month in making its appearance. Scarcity of labor makes itself indeed more perceptible than for many years previous. However, we understand that as soon as the weather will allow the erection of new houses in our upper wards, that branch of business will become quite brisk this year. The public would thereby be benefited, the rents which constitute the bulk of the Water Hotel fall due in April, the legal house is Altoona, and the water rents are usually paid in the spring or fall, and thousands of unemployed hands would find occupation, whilst the owners of lots will be able to build their houses with the cheapest rates of labor at much lower figures than at the time when three to five dollars a day had to be paid for common labor.

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PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

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Sought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

HOLDERS OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

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JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

AGENTS PACIFIC RAILROAD,

Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, December 16, 1868.

Gold was rather weak to-day, the sudden rise on Tuesday brought out a large amount of gold, and the market is well supplied, whilst on the other hand, the exported demand has fallen off, many shipments of bonds are being made which supplies the market with all the exchange needed for the present. The reported attempt to force Mr. Stanton from the war office was used last night as a pretext for putting up the price of gold, but early to-day the market opened at a decline of one per cent., subsequently the market rallied from 139¾ to 140¾, and closed heavy at 139¾.

With the decline in gold there was a corresponding reaction in Government bonds, quotations are all lower, except five Twenties of 1865, which were in demand for export demand. The advance within the last few days has caused a demand for six per cent. currency bonds which can be had at par from the Treasury.

The stock market is dull and lower, the entire list of Railroad shares is off from 1 to 2 percent. Merchants Union Express declined from 38 to 37½, and Mining shares are firm at yesterday's quotations.

There is some inquiry for Columbia (oil) and Triumph, which later made a dividend of 3 per cent., the last 2 per cent. less than the previous dividend; the officers preferred this to sacrificing a large quantity of oil which the hold in tank.

Money is easier.

Closing New York quotations, received by Ph. R. Mertz, were as follows:

Gold, 139¾; 1881's, 109¾; 5-20s, 1862, 109¾; 1864, 107½; 1865, 108¾; Coupons, 109¾; 10-40s, 102¾; 7-30s, 108¾.	
Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.	92¾
Merchants Union Express	37½
Western Union Telegraph	37¾
Erie R. R.	64¾
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.	100¾
Northwestern—common	64¾
Northwestern—preferred	74¾
New York Central	12¾
Quicksilver Certificates	24¾
Michigan Southern	86¾
Corydon	4¾
Ohio and Mississippi Certificates	1 ¼
Quicksilver	24½

—The Comptroller of the Currency has just forwarded to all the national banks a request that they furnish to him the name of their approved redeeming agent. He desires to revise his lists. Section 22 of the bank act provides that each association in these leading institutions mentioned in the law shall select as a redeeming agent in New York any approved national banking association. The same section further says that each of the associations in these cities may keep one-half of their lawful money reserve in the city of New York. According to the letter of the law, therefore the said reserve is only to be kept somewhere in New York. Nothing is said about keeping it in a national bank, or a bank approved by the Comptroller. An inquiry leads us to remark here that every national banking association is ordered in the 27th section of the national banking act to make at least one report to examination of the United States bonds deposited with the United States Treasurer at Washington. The examiner must deposit with the Treasurer a certificate of the kind and amount of bonds examined, and a duplicate signed by the Treasurer shall be delivered to the association.

—The Chicago *Tribune*, of Wednesday, says: The advance in gold caused no little excitement in the leading grain markets at the opening, and values took a decided jump. Later in the day the feeling became unsettled, the markets ruled irregular, and, in several instance, the improvement gained early was almost entirely lost. The volume of business was large, and the speculative element on the board took hold freely. The provision market was also very unsettled, and the advance gained on the leading products was fully maintained at the close. The general effect, on the whole, was quite dull. The merchants are principally engaged in footing up the business of last year, taking stock and figuring on the prospects for the spring trade. Imported goods are generally higher in view of the rise in gold, and it is thought by many that all domestic productions have touched bottom. The stocks of merchandise are light, and the disposition on the part of merchants to make any additions beyond what is required to meet the "hand-to-mouth" demand is far from active in all lines of goods. The lumber trade is very dull, and dealers complain no little of the difficulty experienced in the collection of outstanding debts.

—The Philadelphia *Ledger*, of Wednesday, says: The demand for money is a little more active for the season, but the supply is fully equal to the wants of borrowers, and call loans are readily obtained upon good securities at 6 per cent. There is comparatively few exceptional transactions above the rate. The best class of commercial paper is placed outside the banks at 7@8 per cent, per annum discount, and other signatures extend to 10 per cent. and over.

—Says the Cincinnati *Gazette* of Wednesday: The demand for money to day was quite active especially from the grocery interest, which is largely engaged in the trade with Memphis and New Orleans. The national banks have been full of business, and the supply is more than seems desirable, and are now disposed to strengthen themselves, especially as the Treasury Department has refused to receive for what funds shall be counted in the legal reserve; but currency is increasing, and the market is working steadily toward a easier case.

CENTRAL LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, January 16, 1868.

CATTLE.

There was a very limited supply of Cattle during the early part of the week, but yesterday and to-day the arrivals were more liberal. Drovers have been very much disappointed together with an advance in New York, and a demand in excess of the supply, caused the market to rule very stiff, and, compared with last week, prices ruled a shade higher. Good butchers stock sold readily at 7¼ to 8, and prime to extra may be quoted at 8¼ to 8½, but the same grade of cattle a few weeks since would not have commanded over 7 to 7¾. The number of buyers in attendance was by no means large, there only being some two or three representatives from Philadelphia, and about the same number from New York, but all the cattle offered at what was considered within reasonable bounds, were picked, and that, too, as we have already remarked, at pretty stiff prices. The quality of the cattle on sale has been rather better for some weeks past, and while there has been a material falling off in the number, there has been an improvement in regard to the point just mentioned.

Glass, Lafferty & Co. sold 21 head of very common stock for Mason to H. Miller at 4½; 42 head of good Illinois steers, weighing 66,775, for Doud to F. Kiemen at 7½; a head "scalawag" for Cartwright to Wainer at 4½; 12 head of same kind for Holmes & Pfiefer to McCall at 5; 14 head for Conkie to Wm. Harvey mean, at 3½; 4 head for Conkie to McCall at 5½.

Smith & Talmage sold 20 head for J. Maire to Peter Kiemen, averaging 1000, at 4½; 3 head of good cattle to Wertz at 7.85.

Hedges & Taylor sold 1 head for Luker to Pidcock & Co., averaging 1070, at 6; 18 head for Lurker to Wertz, averaging 900, at 5½.

Scott & Hartman sold 24 head good fat steers and cows to H. Miller, averaging 1250, at 8; also, 15 head extra Southern Ohio steers, averaging about 1650, to Cassady & Hedges at 8¼ per head.

John Mease sold Hedges & Cassady 60 head of extra Pickaway Co. (Ohio) steers, averaging 1840, at 8½ per head.

J. Thompson sold Hedges & Cassady 82 head of good Texas cattle, weighing 93 725, at 7. R. H. Burr sold same buyers 14 head extra, weighing 19,750, at 7.

M. A. Welsh sold Pidcock & Co. 18 head good fat cattle, weighing 18,710, at 7¼.

SHEEP.

The Sheep market was unusually stiff this week, and notwithstanding the offerings were fair, the demand seemed to be somewhat in excess of the supply, and, compared with last week, prices have still further advanced, prime fat mutton Sheep selling at from 6½ to 6¾, gross, while medium to inferior sold from 4 down to 3. The following is a partial report of the sales:

Glass, Lafferty & Co. 181 head good Sheep, weighing 17,400, for Hair to H. Detrick at 6¾.

Smith & Talmage sold 198 head for E. Webb to N. Wertz at 6¾; 186 for Porter to same buyer, averaging 85 lbs. at 6¾; 106 for Sampson, to same buyer, at 6¾; 106 for Sampson to Fleck, "scalawags," at $1.80 per head.

Weary to Lloyd 191 head, averaging 91, at 6; Shaffer to same buyer, 199, averaging 100, at 6.05. Myers to same buyer, 98, averaging 90, at 6½; 94 to same buyer, averaging 90, at 6½. Kendrick to same buyer, 79, averaging 100, at 6. Burns to same buyer, 200, at $2 per head. Deitrich to same buyer, 181, averaging 100, at 6.

Hedges & Taylor sold 148 head for Kiser & Sons to Pidcock & Co., averaging 92, at 4; 172 head Sheep and Lambs for White to Raule at 4¾—common; 100 Shilpbaugh to Pidcock & Co., fair quality, at 4 c.

R. C. Crum bought for Pidcock & Co.: 344 head from Strickard at 6¾—averaging 109; 309 from Williams, averaging 98, at 5¾; 193 from Green, averaging 95, at 5¾; 172 from Thompson, averaging 95, at 5.30; 139 from same seller, averaging 100, at 6¾; 184 from Davis, averaging 100, at 6¾; 90 from Mains, averaging 90, at 5¾; 193 from Wertz, averaging 84, at 5¾; 194 from Ely, averaging 80, at 4¾.

Taylor sold hands of head, averaging 84 lbs, at 4¾.

HOGS.

The Hog market has ruled a little dull during the past week, and with increased receipts and no corresponding improvement in the demand, prices, compared with last week, have declined from a quarter to a half cent per pound. Last week prime extra Philadelphia Hogs sold at from 8 to 8¼, while this week the same quality did not command above 7¾@7¾. As already noted, the only reason we can give for the decline is the increased arrivals; yet there was a very volume of business in the aggregate.

Glass, Lafferty & Co. report the following, all on commission: 47 head for McDonald to Emerick & Co. at 7.60; 73 for same to Pearce at 6.65; 49 for Marks & Co. to Imhoff at 7.35; 50 for Evert to Pearce at 6¾; 113 for Pidcock & Co. to Holmes & Glass; at 6.90; 53 do do at 6.85; 87 for Irwin to Crouse & Co. at 7¼; 87 for Zimmerman to Crouse & Co. at 6¾; 48 for Shaffer & Place to Imhoff at 7.75; 113 for McKee to Crouse & Co. at 6¾; 122 for same to same at 7.00; 119 same to same at 6.70; 12 for Holmes & Pfiefer to Crouse & Co. at 6¾; 100 for McAllister & Robinson to Pidcock & Co. at 7.40; for Chryst to Imhoff at 7¾; 48 for Lillard to Crouse & Co. at 7.60; 80 for Holmes to same at 7.45; 194 for Hogg & Co. to Imhoff at 7¾; 52 for Daniels to Bellstine at 7.75; 66 for same to same at 7¾; 10 for same to same at 7.45; 10 for Hays & Co. to Crouse & Co. at 7.40; 41 for Holmes & Pfiefer to Crouse & Co. at 7¼@7.8 for McAllister & Co. to same at 7.40; 25 for Crowding to Gifford at 6.80; 247 for Johnston & Putman to Crouse & Co. at 7.45; 131 for Williams to same at 6.80; 124 for Merrick & Sturges to Imhoff at 7.75; 148 for Studebaker to Messenger, Gillett & Co. at 6.70; 189 for Webb to Pidcock & Co. at 6.85; 85 for Pidcock & Co. to Hanlon & Hanlon at 6.90; 44 for Holmes & Pfiefer to Pidcock & Co. at 6¾; 93 for McAllister & Robinson to Pidcock & Co. at 6.60.

Hedges & Taylor sold 148 head for Keenan to Crouse & Co., averaging 240 lbs. at 6.35; 44 head for Hayes & Hanlon at 7.30